

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

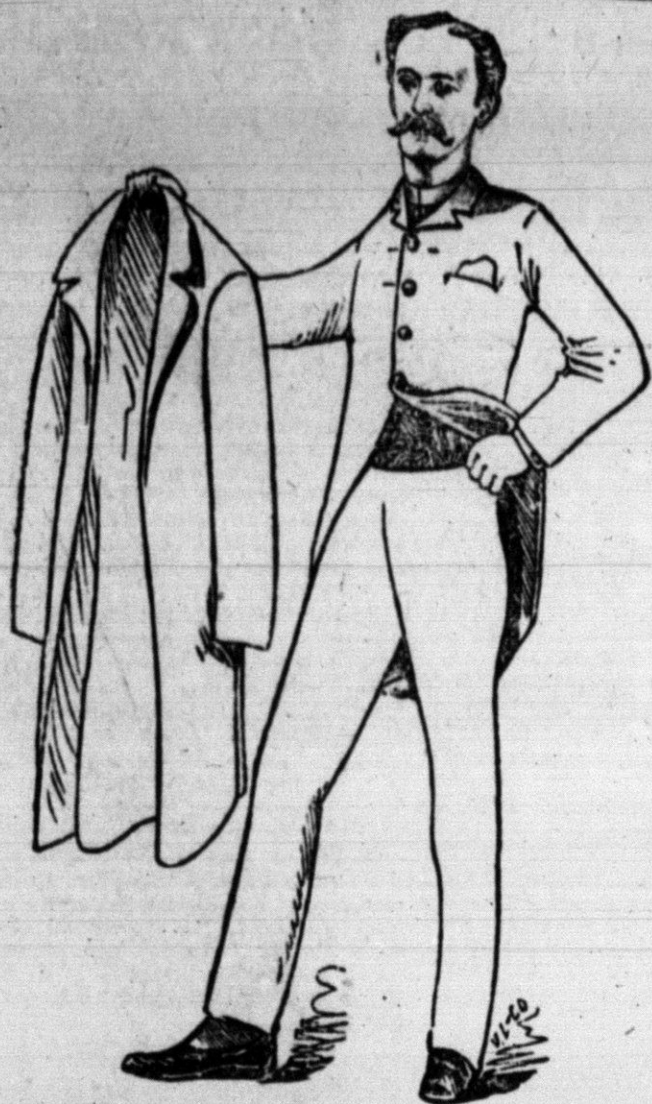
VOLUME 26.

"Of the People and for the People."

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, NOV. 12, 1896.

Single Copies 5 Cents.

NUMBER 12.



## OVERCOATS

AND

## ULSTERS.

Don't buy one until you have seen ours.  
We bought them all this year.

Select from a new stock where you can get just what you want and money.

Men's Beaver and Kersey Overcoats, nearly all wool, black, blue and gray, \$6.00.

Men's strictly all-wool Overcoats and Ulsters, \$8.00; better material, better made, better fitting Overcoats and Ulsters than have been retailed at 2.00 previous to this season.

We are showing a large assortment of Boys' Overcoats and Ulsters at low prices.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.



## Stoves! Stoves! Stoves!

Our stock of coal and wood heaters is complete, also stove ranges and cook stoves. A few second hand stoves. Our prices to suit the times. Remember our furniture stock is always complete and prices the lowest. Floor oilcloths and stove boards.

W. J. KNAPP.

## Good Meat

At Reasonable Prices  
Is What People Want.

We have purchased the meat market of Chis. Bagge and will always on hand a first-class stock of

Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats.

We ask for a continuance of the trade that was given the former proprietor.

Respectfully,  
DRUNSER & EISELE.

McKune Block.

## Not a Woman in Town

That does not admire our Bread  
and Cakes. Quality and prices right.

our 10 and 15-cent Lunches.

NECKEL BROS.

### Noon-Howe.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized at St. Mary's church, Chelsea, on Tuesday, Nov. 10, 1896. The contracting parties were Mr. Michael L. Noon, a highly respected gentleman of Leoni, Mich., and Miss Mary J. Howe, an estimable young lady of Waterloo, Mich., and a prominent member of St. Mary's parish, Chelsea.

The holy sacrament of matrimony was administered by the pastor, the Rev. William P. Considine, who celebrated the nuptial high mass and bestowed the beautiful marriage blessings on the happy couple.

Mr. Martin Howe, of Chicago, a brother of the bride, acted as groomsmen, and Miss Cynthia Masten, of Ann Arbor, was bridesmaid. The altar was very beautifully decorated with large bunches of yellow and white chrysanthemums and wax tapers, and the church was filled with relatives and friends, who were interested in the newly-married couple.

At the offertory Mr. Louis Burg sang an "Ave Maria" in exquisite taste and feeling, and the music of the mass was excellently rendered.

After the services at the church the relatives and intimate friends of both families repaired to the home of Mrs. Katharine Clark on South Main street, where an elegant breakfast was served. Soon after Mr. and Mrs. Noon took the Grand Rapids train for a brief wedding tour to Detroit and Cleveland.

Mr. Noon, who is a very prosperous farmer, will take, after his wedding tour, his estimable bride to a beautiful home already prepared for them in Leoni. Their hosts of friends offer hearty felicitations for a happy wedded career.

### School Reports.

#### DISTRICT NO. 3.

The report for the school in District No. 3, Lyndon, for the term ending Nov. 6 is as follows:

Number of days taught, 40; total enrollment, 10; average daily attendance, 9; total number of days absent, 45; cases of tardiness, 19. Those whose average standing at the term examination was 85 per cent or above are: Edith Gorman, Leady Buehler, Lucy Sawyer, Bennie Stapish, James S. Gorman, Arthur Stapish, Alfred Stapish, Albert Bates. Those who have not been tardy during the term are: Bennie Stapish, Alfred Stapish, Albert Bates, Arthur Stapish, Lucy Sawyer has not been absent during the term. EDITH D. NOYES, Teacher.

#### DISTRICT NO. 5.

The report for the school in District No. 5, Lyndon, for the month ending Oct. 30 is as follows:

Attending every day, Kate and Grace Collins, Ernest Pickell, Calista and Floyd Boyce, Lillie Parks, Vincent Young. Standing 95, Kate Collins; 90, Florence Collins, Calista Boyce; 85, Ethel Skidmore, Madge Young, James Young; 80, Lillie Parks, Genevieve Young, Alta Skidmore, Josephine Pergan.

MRS. L. A. STEPHENS, Teacher.

### How the Assessment is Apportioned.

The apportionment made by the board of supervisors at its recent session adds \$75,000 to the tax rolls of Ann Arbor, \$15,000 to the first district of Ypsilanti, and \$10,000 to Sylvan, which includes the village of Chelsea. This amount is deducted from the other towns as follows: \$15,000 from Sharon, \$6,000 from Lodi, \$5,000 each from Augusta, Bridgewater, Dexter, Freedom, Lima, Pittsfield, Salem, Saline, Scio, Superior, Webster and Ypsilanti town, \$4,000 from Lyndon, \$3,000 from Northfield, and \$2,000 from Dexter. Manchester, York and the second district of Ypsilanti are untouched.

### Card of Thanks.

The parents and grandparents of Walter Richards, whom God thought best to remove from our midst so suddenly, wish to thank the friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted them during the great affliction through which they have just passed, and also for the beautiful flowers.

MR. AND MRS. ALBERT RICHARDS.

### For Rent.

The Lutheran Parsonage on Summit street. Apply to Israel Vogel or Jac. Hepler, Chelsea.

## How Much

Do you pay other dealers for the articles we quote in our price-list?

## The Difference

Is what you save by buying at the

**Bank  
Drug  
Store.**

Read our price-list over every week and also remember that we are selling a choice uncolored Japan tea at 30 cents per pound, that cannot be equaled in Chelsea for the money.

See our large assortment of

**Fancy Crockery, Lamps, Silver-ware and Watches.**

Full cream cheese 12 cents pound  
Electric kerosine oil 9 cents gal.  
21 pounds gran. sugar for \$1.00.  
8 pounds whole, clean rice for 25c  
7 cakes Jackson soap for 25 cents.  
Good tea dust 8c per pound.  
Garden seeds of all descriptions  
Strongest ammonia 4 cents per pint.  
Good sugar corn 5 cents per can.  
Good Alaska Salmon 10c per can  
Good sugar syrup 20c per gal.  
10 pounds best oatmeal for 25 cents.  
10 bars good soap for 25 cents.  
7 cans sardines for 25 cents.

5½ pounds best crackers for 25c.  
Poultry powder 15c per package.  
4 pounds new prunes for 25 cents.  
Large choice lemons 20c doz.  
Try our 25c N. O. molasses.  
Lamp wicks 1c per yard.  
25 pounds brown sugar for \$1.00.  
Choice honey 15c per lb.  
Light table syrup 25c per gal.  
Large cucumber pickles 5c per doz.  
Good tomatoes 7c per can.  
25 boxes matches for 25c.  
5 boxes tacks for 5c.  
Seedless raisins 6c per pound.  
6 doz clothespins for 5c.

## Glazier & Stimson Stoves

We are headquarters for Coal and Wood, Heating Stoves  
Zincs, Oil Cloths, Husking Gloves, and Buck Saws.  
A few second-hand coal stoves cheap.

HOAG & HOLMES.

We are making lower prices than ever on Furniture.

## Now in Stock---

**Millinery Novelties for  
Fall and Winter.**

You won't find a larger variety elsewhere in this vicinity. We want you to remember that our assortment of these goods is very large, very handsome, and very reasonable in price. Be sure and call on us before you make any purchases.

NELLIE C. MARONEY.

Over H. S. Holmes' Store.

## For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the  
**Chelsea Savings Bank.**

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electric alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

**JOHN BAUMGARDNER,**  
Designer and Builder of

\* **Artistic Granite Memorials.** \*  
Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.  
Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.



# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

## THE NEWS.

### Compiled From Late Dispatches.

#### DOMESTIC.

The public debt statement issued on the 2d showed that the debt increased 7,195,726 during the month of October. The cash balance in the treasury was \$336,676,221. The total debt, less the cash balance in the treasury, amounts to \$1,221,071,717.

The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 2d was: Wheat, 68,679,000 bushels; corn, 19,340,000 bushels; oats, 11,751,000 bushels; rye, 2,544,000 bushels; barley, 5,907,000 bushels.

The annual report of Second Assistant Postmaster-General Charles Neilson shows the annual rate of expenditure for all mail transportation at the close of the fiscal year to be \$49,523,932. Matthew A. Grant, 75 years of age, a lifelong resident of Burryville, Conn., and one of the famous Grant triplets, died suddenly of paralysis.

Mayor McClelland, of Roanoke, Va., was run down by an electric car and fatally injured.

Five inches of snow fell at Huron, S. D., making a foot on the ground.

Louis Lulser, proprietor of the American house at Mankato, Minn., shot and killed his wife while intoxicated.

Lambuster Anglo was killed and Lincoln Guiseppe fatally injured by being pushed from a trolley car at Newark, N. J., during a panic when an electric fuse blew out.

William F. Clemmons, dealer in woollens at New York city, assigned, with liabilities of \$100,000.

In Portland, Me., Alonzo G. Phillips, a lithographer, shot and killed his wife and then shot himself in a fit of jealousy.

James H. Campbell, president of the Stockman's Commission company in Chicago, has found that \$24,000 had been abstracted from the funds of the company and that Otis F. Hall, who for three years has been his confidential man, is missing.

The coinage executed at the United States mints during the month of October was as follows: Gold, \$5,727,500; silver, \$2,844,009; minor coins, \$66,900; total, \$8,638,409.

By a fall of coal in a mine at Ashland, Pa., three men were killed and three so badly injured that they will die.

Scott Linton shot and fatally wounded William Metzler and Belle Gray and then killed himself at Georgetown, O. Jealousy was the cause.

Miller & Vaughan, bankers and brokers at Providence, R. I., failed for \$150,000.

Three masked men held up a south-bound passenger train one mile south of Alvarado, Tex., but did not secure any booty.

The receipts of the United States for the month of October were \$25,282,829 and the expenditures were \$38,978,277, showing a deficit for October of \$7,695,448. The total deficit since July 1, 1896, is \$32,889,577.

The wholesale clothing firm of Reis, Coons & Co. in Philadelphia failed for \$100,000.

About 2,100 employes have been added to the classified service by the issuance of an order by President Cleveland directing that the rules of the navy department regulating the employment of labor at the navy yards shall not be changed without the approval of the civil service commission.

The United States Carriage company's works at Columbus, O., were burned.

Mrs. Annie Schriber, aged 28, and her nephew, a lad of 14, eloped from their homes in Chicago and committed suicide in Elgin, Ill.

Three vast waterspouts connecting clouds and sea was the rare phenomena witnessed by residents of Cottage City, Mass.

Jeff Jackson, John Adams, William Taylor and Robert Allison, negro laborers, were murdered by white caps near Wild Fork, Ala.

The Emerson Piano company that failed recently in Boston has resumed business.

At Merlens, Tex., Peter Hansen split his wife's head open with an ax and then committed suicide by shooting himself. He charged his wife with infidelity.

A telegram from Lick observatory in California announces the discovery of a faint comet by Perrine, an assistant at Lick.

Consul General Fitzhugh Lee arrived in New York from Havana.

Half an hour after Harrison Bacon, aged 73, a pioneer of Courtland, O., had cast his vote he dropped dead in the street of heart disease.

Capt. Hatfield, of Hatfield-McCoy fame, killed Henderson Chambers and John and Elliott Rutherford at Matewan, W. Va., during a quarrel over politics. Hatfield escaped.

Constable Francis De Long, one of the oldest residents of Joliet, Ill., was shot and instantly killed by Lyman Hall, a young man 24 years old, whom De Long was trying to arrest.

The following officials have been removed from the treasury department by Secretary Carlisle for offensive partisanship: Judge W. E. Fleming, of Kentucky; Thomas F. Brantley, of South Carolina; and Burton T. Doyle,

The Gem theater in St. Louis was destroyed by fire and William Gray, the stage manager, was fatally injured by jumping from a third-story window. The Carter-Crume company's wooden dish factory in Saginaw, Mich., was destroyed by fire.

W. White & Co., one of the largest and oldest cotton-buying firms in Texas, failed in Dallas for \$200,000.

The Chicago stock exchange opened for business after being closed for six months.

During a storm on Lake Erie several sailboats were capsized and Henry Mayo and Jacob and George Vergt were drowned.

John H. Inman, head of the cotton house of Inman, Swan & Co., and a business man of national reputation, died in New York of heart failure, aged 53 years.

William Mann (white) and Abe Goss (colored) were killed by the explosion of a locomotive boiler at Atlanta, Ga.

Arthur L. Snook, a brakeman, shot and killed his wife in Kansas City, Mo., and then killed himself. No cause is known.

A receiver was asked for for the Marine national bank of Duluth, Minn. The liabilities are \$270,000.

Stanley Barrows achieved the feat in Denver of riding the fastest mile ever made on a wheel, and that is without any pacing, his time being 58 seconds.

All the pork butchers at the packing houses in Chicago struck because of the failure to advance their wages.

Rev. E. S. Nicholson, of Kokomo, Ind., father of the temperance law, has been reelected to the legislature, with 800 votes to spare.

The Golden Scepter Mining company at Quigley, Mont., has assigned with debts of \$285,000.

Conrad Eichhorn deliberately put his 13-year-old son to death in Toledo, O., and then committed suicide. Domestic trouble was the cause.

The Manhattan Clothing & Shoe company at Dayton, O., assigned with liabilities of \$100,000.

There were 230 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 6th, against 270 the week previous and 280 in the corresponding period of 1895.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 6th aggregated \$991,552,065, against \$968,781,558 the previous week. The decrease compared with the corresponding week in 1895 is 12.6.

Gaines Murphy, who was put on the ticket as a joke, was elected sheriff of Gibson county, Ind.

Mrs. J. McCarthy, of Scranton, Pa., and her two granddaughters, May and Margaret Clinch, fell from a bridge into the river and were drowned.

After 46 years of diligent search Charles Thompson, of Lenox, N. J., has been united with his brothers and sisters, from whom he was separated when only 11 years of age.

Heavy rains in the mining regions in eastern Pennsylvania flooded many mines, throwing 18,000 persons out of work.

The Volunteers of America, the Ballington Booth section of the Salvation Army, were incorporated with the secretary of state at Albany, N. Y.

Louis A. Brown and Harman Shepers were fatally injured in a mine in Cripple Creek, Col., by a premature explosion.

Capt. Hatfield, the noted outlaw of West Virginia, who has murdered 17 men in the past 20 years and has never yet entered a courtroom, was placed in jail at Huntington.

#### PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

The latest returns from the election show that William McKinley has carried 24 states for the presidency. These states are the following, with the electoral votes of each state: California, 9; Connecticut, 6; Delaware, 3; Illinois, 24; Indiana, 15; Iowa, 13; Maine, 6; Maryland, 8; Massachusetts, 15; Michigan, 14; Minnesota, 4; New Hampshire, 4; New Jersey, 10; New York, 36; North Dakota, 3; Ohio, 23; Oregon, 4; Pennsylvania, 32; Rhode Island, 4; South Dakota, 4; Vermont, 4; West Virginia, 6; Wisconsin, 12; Wyoming, 1. Total, 265. Kentucky and Tennessee are still in doubt. McKinley's plurality of the popular vote appears to be over 1,000,000, the largest ever given a presidential candidate.

In Illinois Tanner (rep.) defeats Altgeld (dem.) for governor by over 100,000 plurality. Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Indiana also elect republican governors. The next house will probably stand as follows: Republicans, 291; democrats, 124; populists, 19. The senate will be about equally divided.

William J. Bryan sent the following dispatch to Mr. McKinley: "Senator Jones has informed me that the returns indicate your election, and I hasten to extend my congratulations. We have submitted the issue to the American people and their will is law."

Later returns from the election do not justify any change in the division of the electoral vote between Maj. McKinley and Mr. Bryan as previously printed, which gave 264 to McKinley and 167 to Bryan and left 16 in doubt. The doubtful votes are those of Kentucky and Wyoming. The result in these two states is so close as to require an official count to decide it. The popular vote in the several states give McKinley a plurality of 939,216. The present indications are that the next congress will be divided on the currency as follows: House—Sound money, 215; silver, 142. Senate—Sound money, 43; silver, 47.

In an interview at Canton Maj. McKinley said: "I think the patriotic efforts of the men of both the old parties have brought about the result."

Chairman Jones, of the democratic national committee, has conceded the defeat of William J. Bryan for the presidency and made his last campaign statement to the public.

Mrs. Mary Louise Vanderbilt, widow of the late William H. Vanderbilt, died suddenly at the residence of her daughter in Scarborough, N. Y., of heart failure.

Charles Adlai Ewing, leader of the national gold democracy in Illinois, died suddenly at his home in Decatur, aged 50 years.

Woman's suffrage was defeated at the election in California by 20,000 majority.

#### FOREIGN.

A waterspout at Paviacao, in the Azores islands, destroyed most of that place and great loss of life in consequence is reported.

A fire in Richmond, Quebec, among business houses caused a loss of \$100,000.

Rt. Rev. Fred Richards Winne, protestant bishop of Killaloe, dropped dead in the street in Dublin, Ireland, and his wife died a few moments afterwards.

According to insurgent statements the frequency of engagements recently fought in the province of Havana is evidence of the truth of the report that Antonio Maceo and Maximo Gomez are directing the forces under their command upon the city of Havana itself, with the intention of laying siege to it.

Archduchess Maria of Vienna has renounced all her rights of succession to the throne of Austria prior to her marriage to the duke of Orleans.

The Armenian committee of London, Paris and Geneva have decided to stop all further action of their propaganda in order to give time for the application of the promised reforms by the sultan.

The extensive worsted mills of Dawson & Sons at Bradford, England, were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$350,000.

The Cuban insurgents captured the town of Guaimara after a long siege. It is one of the principal places in the province of Puerto Principe.

The banks in Windsor, Ont., have raised the boycott on American money and will take it at par as heretofore.

The Hawaiian government has granted full pardon and restoration of her civil rights to Queen Liliuokalani.

A massacre occurred in an Armenian village near Kaiserlee and 60 persons were killed.

Mrs. Walter Castle, of San Francisco, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment without hard labor in London for shoplifting, and Mr. Castle, charged with the same crime, was acquitted.

The present Canadian ministry, it is asserted, is pledged to send delegates to Washington to negotiate a treaty of reciprocity with the United States.

The steamer Tiber came into collision with the schooner Maggie near St. John's, N. F., and nine men and four women on the schooner were drowned.

#### LATER.

The annual report of Frank H. Jones, the first assistant postmaster-general, shows that the total number of presidential offices July 1 last was 3,651. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, the report asks for appropriations of about \$43,000,000.

The Iowa legislature will meet in extra session at Des Moines January 19 next.

James Michaels rode ten miles on a bicycle at New Orleans in 19:25, breaking the American record, and made five miles in 9:12, breaking the world's record.

The Spanish government will send 20,000 more recruits to Cuba before the middle of December.

The famous steam tug and alleged Cuban filibuster Three Friends was seized at Jacksonville, Fla., on advices from the treasury department, charged with violation of the neutrality laws.

William H. Treworgy, lumber dealer in Boston, failed for \$300,000.

The official canvass of the vote for presidential electors in New Jersey makes the plurality for McKinley 87,102.

The plant of the Boston Bridge company, situated in Cambridgeport, Mass., was burned, the loss being \$100,000.

In a fierce storm the three-masted schooner Waukesha went to pieces off Muskegon, Mich., and Capt. Corbett and six sailors were drowned.

Miss Katherine Monroe, the last surviving relative of President Monroe, died at Dubuque, Ia., aged 76 years.

Otis V. Thomas, W. B. Peters and Willis H. Connor, members of an organized gang of forgers, were arrested in New York.

The dry goods establishment of Lawrie & Robson at Indianapolis was burned, the loss being about \$100,000.

Inspector Gen. Breckinridge, of the army, in his annual report shows that accounts of disbursing officers aggregating over \$72,000,000 have been examined during the year.

Dispatches from all sections of the land announce resumption of work on full time with full forces by industries of all kinds.

Russell Smith, the last of the old-time scenic artists, died at his home in Glenside, Pa., aged 84 years.

All railway records between Chicago and the Mississippi river were broken by the Rock Island Railroad company, which ran a special train from Rock Island to Chicago, a distance of 181 miles, in 3 hours and 30 minutes.

## BRYAN'S STATEMENT.

Says the Cause of Bimetallism Is Not Dead.

Offers Consolation to His Followers—Feels No Personal Loss in Defeat—Triumph of Free Coinage Predicted for 1900.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 7.—William J. Bryan Friday afternoon gave out the following statement to the bimetallicists of the United States:

"Conscious that millions of loyal hearts are saddened by temporary defeat, I beg to offer a word of hope and encouragement. No cause ever had supporters more brave, earnest and devoted, than those who have espoused the cause of bimetallism. They have fought from conviction and have fought with all the zeal which conviction inspires. Events will prove whether they are right or wrong. Having done their duty as they saw it, they have nothing to regret. The republican candidate has been heralded as the advance agent of prosperity. If his policies bring real prosperity to the American people those who oppose him will share in that prosperity. If, on the other hand, his policies prove an injury to the people generally, those of his supporters who do not belong to the office-holding class, or to the privileged classes, will suffer in common with those who opposed him.

Are Not Vanquished.

"The friends of bimetallism have not been vanquished; they have simply been overcome. They believe that the gold standard is a conspiracy of the money changers against the welfare of the human race and until convinced of their error they will continue the warfare against it. The contest has been waged this year under great embarrassments and against great odds. For the first time during this generation public attention has been centered upon the money question as the paramount issue, and this has been done in spite of all attempts upon the part of our opponents to prevent it. The republican convention held out the delusive hope of international bimetallism, while republican leaders labored secretly for gold monometallism. Gold standard democrats have publicly advocated the election of the Indianapolis ticket while they labored secretly for the election of the republican ticket. The trusts and corporations have tried to excite a fear of lawlessness while they themselves have been defying the law, and American financiers have boasted that they were the custodians of national honor while they were secretly bartering away the nation's financial independence. But in spite of the efforts of the administration and its supporters: in spite of the threats of money lenders at home and abroad; in spite of the coercion practiced by corporate employers; in spite of trusts and syndicates; in spite of an enormous republican campaign fund and in spite of the influence of a hostile daily press, bimetallism has almost triumphed in its first great fight. The loss of a few states, and that, too, by very small pluralities, has defeated bimetallism for the present, but bimetallism emerges from the contest stronger than it was four months ago.

#### Commends the Three Committees.

"I desire to commend the work of the three national committees which have joined in the management of this campaign. Cooperation between the members of distinct political organizations is always difficult, but it has been less so this year than usual. Interest in a common cause of great importance has reduced friction to a minimum. I hereby express my personal gratitude to the individual members, as well as the executive officers, of the national committee of the democratic, populist and silver parties for their efficient, untiring and unselfish labors. They have laid the foundation for future success and will be remembered as pioneers when victory is at last secured.

Feels Repaid.

"No personal or political friend need grieve because of my defeat. My ambition has been to secure immediate legislation rather than to enjoy the honors of office, and, therefore, defeat brings to me no feeling of personal loss. Speaking for the wife who has shared my labors, as well as for myself, I desire to say that we have been amply repaid for all that we have done.

"In the love of millions of our fellow citizens, so kindly expressed, in knowledge gained by personal contact with the people, and in broadened sympathies, we find full compensation for whatever efforts we have put forth. Our hearts have been touched by devotion of friends and our lives shall prove our appreciation of the affection of the plain people, an affection which we prize as the richest reward which this campaign has brought.

#### Call for the Next Campaign.

"In the face of an enemy rejoicing in its victory, let the roll be called for the next engagement and urge all friends of bimetallism to renew their allegiance to the cause. If we are right, as I believe we are, we shall yet triumph. Until convinced of his error, let each advocate of bimetallism continue the work. Let all silver clubs remain and circulate literature. Our opponents have succeeded in this campaign and must now put their theories to the test. Instead of talking mysteriously about 'sound money' and 'an honest dollar' they must now elaborate and defend a financial system. Every step taken by them should be publicly considered by the silver clubs. Our cause has prospered most where the money question has been longest discussed among the people. During the next four years it will be studied all over this nation even more than it has been studied in the past.

#### Before Nineteen Hundred

"The year 1900 is not far away. Before that year arrives, international bimetallism will cease to deceive; before that year arrives those who have called themselves gold standard democrats will become bimetallists and be with us or they will become republicans and be open enemies; before that year arrives, trusts will have convinced still more people that a trust is a menace to private welfare and to public safety; before that year arrives the evil effect, of a gold standard by them even more evident than they are now, and the people then ready to demand an American financial policy for the American people will join with us in the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the present legal ratio of sixteen to one without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation.

"W. J. BRYAN."

#### Gold at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Nov. 7.—There has been a steady flow of gold into the United States treasury here since the election, averaging \$45,000 daily. Assistant Treasurer Small says "he expects this to continue for some time. He believes that the outflow, which has grown smaller daily, will soon cease altogether. There is now about \$1,750,000 in gold in the St. Louis treasury.

## Use Hood's Sarsaparilla

The experience of those who have been cured of scrofula, catarrh, rheumatism, by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and obtain like benefit yourself.

Hood's Pills do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists sell.

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

CINCINNATI FLYER.

Monon Route & C. H. & D.

The Monon has put on a fast flyer for Indianapolis and Cincinnati in connection with the C. H. & D. The train leaves Chicago, Dearborn Station, at 11:50 A. M., reaches Indianapolis at 4:37 and Cincinnati at 7:45 P. M., thus making the run, Chicago to Indianapolis, in four hours and forty-seven minutes, and Cincinnati in seven hours and fifty-five minutes. This is the fastest time made between Chicago and Indianapolis and Cincinnati by any line. The "Cincinnati Flyer" is equipped with elegant day coaches, the Monon celebrated high-backed seats, parlor car and dining car. City Ticket Office, 232 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

"Folks dat is allus lookin' for trouble," said Uncle Eben, "hab jes' one ting ter brag about. Dey doan habdly ebber get disappinted."—Washington Star.

#### HOLIDAY EXCURSIONS

To Virginia and North Carolina.

In the months of November and December Homesecker's excursion tickets will be sold from all points west and northwest to Virginia and North Carolina at one fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip. For excursion rates and dates address U. L. Turner, W. P. A., Big Four, C. & O. Route, 234 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

OLD BULLION—"What! You wish to marry my daughter? She is a mere school-girl yet." Sutor—"Yes, sir. I came early to avoid the rush."—Modes and Fabrics.

#### Personally Conducted Excursions to California

Via the Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line leave Chicago every Thursday. Comfortable Tourist Sleeping Cars, low rates, quickest time and the best of care and attention, are advantages secured by those who join these excursions. For full particulars apply to your nearest ticket agent, or address W. B. KNISKERN, G. P. & T. A., Chicago & North-Western Ry., Chicago, Ill.

WAITER—"How will you have your steak, sir?" Patron—"I don't care how you cook it, but I'd like it this week."—London Figaro.

#### Tourist Sleeping Cars to California Daily.

Every day in the year Tourist Sleeping Cars are run through from Chicago to California via the Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line (Chicago & North-Western, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Rys). Only \$6.00 for completely equipped double berth from Chicago to the Pacific Coast. For tickets and full information apply to agents of connecting lines, or address W. B. KNISKERN, G. P. & T. A., Chicago & North-Western Ry., Chicago.

HOME is dearer to a woman than a man because to her it is a place where she can sit around without hercorset on.—Aitchison Globe.

#### Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

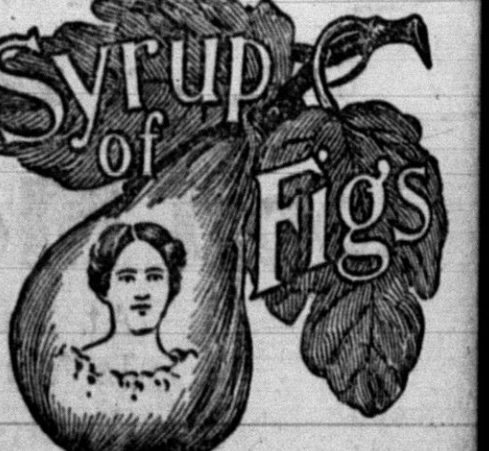
If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist, who will guarantee a cure. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

#### McVicker's Theater, Chicago.

Paulton's opera, "Dorcas," will be the attraction for two weeks beginning Nov. 9th. Everything up to date. Don't miss it.

ALL busy people finally get so that they hate those who are lazy.—Aitchison Globe.

WHEN bilious or costive, eat a Cascarel, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c.



## Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the

transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.



# THE CHELSEA HERALD

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

THAT the earth is solid right to the center, with the exception of lakes and reservoirs of molten matter below the crust, has been demonstrated by the recent researches of Lord Kelvin and other authorities.

At the seaside or in the country, where the air is clear, 1,500 microbes must be inhaled into the nose every hour, while in London the number often reaches 14,000. The organisms are caught by the nose and passed to the digestive organs, which, when in health, destroy them.

TIME is valuable, but one seldom hears of much fuss being made over the thirty-six "millionth part of the swing of a pendulum. It has been ascertained, however, that the pendulum in the Paris observatory varies one-third of an oscillation in 12,000,000 and a large sum of money is to be expended in correcting the error.

THE paper on which letters to the queen are written must not be folded. No communication which bears evidence of having been creased will ever find its way into her majesty's hands. The proper method is to write on thick, glossy white paper, and to dispatch the missive in an envelope which fits it. Any folded communication never reaches the queen, for the simple reason that she won't look at it.

ENGLAND is ready to build more warships, and the conviction is steadily growing that all the vessels that can be constructed will be needed before many years have passed. But the problem of securing enough bluejackets to man these ships is troubling the government. Already the lists are 20,000 men short, and in case of trouble British supremacy of the sea would be in great jeopardy for this reason.

It may not be known to the general reader that a rifle ball deflected from its course immediately resumes its line of flight after rimming the object it is unable to pass through. That is to say, a ball turned from its course by a rib passes under the skin until it reaches a point mathematically opposite to the point where it entered the soldier's body, and then passes out, resuming its exact line of flight if enough of its initial velocity remains.

M. DEVIC, an engineer who has already proposed one or two grandiose plans for the Paris exposition of 1900, which have been rejected, not on their merits but on account of the cost, intends to carry out another at his own risk. It consists of a tower 400 feet high, turning upon a pivot, and making a complete rotation in an hour. The visitors seated on the tables in one of the restaurants contained in the tower will not perceive they are moving, but they will enjoy a panorama of all Paris.

THE Memorial hospital of Brooklyn is conducted entirely by women, and its patients are exclusively women and children. The entire staff of physicians and surgeons are women. The hospital has passed through the experimenting stage, as is has completed its eighth successful year of work. It is supported by voluntary contributions, some of which have taken the form of real estate, to enable the institution to have a permanent and desirable home. Several circles of King's Daughters have endowed free beds.

A PROJECT for connecting the Baltic and Black seas by a water way to extend from Riga along the rivers Dwina, Berezina and Dnieper to Kherson has for some time been occupying the attention of the Russian press. Were this scheme ever realized all other extensive works ever undertaken in Russia, including the Siberian railway, would be completely thrown into the shade. Such a water way would probably do more toward developing the coasting trade of the empire than any other enterprise in the country.

A MEDICINE cup for the easy disposal of ill-tasting potions in large or small doses has recently been devised. It is also available for feeding invalids who are unable to move. By means of the pipe-shaped medicine spoon, tea, soup or other liquids can be taken while the patient is reclining. Upon the pipe bowl the quantities held are graduated, thus enabling the nurse to give the exact quantity of medicine or food required. Since this pipe spoon is made of glass it can very easily be cleaned and its aseptic qualities render it valuable in the sick room.

AMBER is a specialty of the Baltic coast of Prussia, and the British consul at Danzig, in his last report, states that it is a monopoly worked by a firm which owns the two best mines, Palmwicken and Kraxtepelte, and paid for the concession to the government last year a royalty of about £32,500. It is calculated that the firm has, up to the present, paid £1,000,000 in these royalties. Last year, in addition to the product of the mines, a good deal of amber was picked up on the beach at Pilau, in the province of East Prussia, having been washed up with the seawrack.

# MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

**Discovers a Rich Silver Vein.**  
William Dowdell, a prospector, has discovered a rich mineral vein near the headwaters of the Sturgeon river in Baraga county. Specimens exhibited by him are rich in silver. The vein outcrops in the vicinity of the so-called silver mountain, where, according to tradition, a fabulously rich vein of silver was discovered by the French courier De Bois many years ago. The outcropping was lost and never since found. Dowdell has taken pains to locate his find accurately and his specimens are undergoing analysis.

**Closed Its Doors.**  
The Mecosta County savings bank at Big Rapids is embarrassed and has closed its doors. President D. F. Comstock refused to talk. A statement published October 6 showed resources of \$502,000, of which \$44,000 was cash on hand. There has been a slight but steady run on the bank for the past few days. It is believed that the assets will equal the liabilities.

**Found Bessemer Ore.**  
The find of Bessemer ore in the old channel of the Michigamme river at the Mansfield mine in Iron Mountain promises to be the richest and most extensive that has been discovered in the upper peninsula in recent years. Investigation proves that the deposit is over a thousand feet in length and is supposed to have a great width and depth.

**Health in Michigan.**  
During the week ended October 31 reports sent in by 47 observers in various portions of the state indicate that intermittent fever increased and pneumonia decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 231 places, typhoid fever at 60, diphtheria at 41, scarlet fever at 20, measles at 13 and whooping cough at 12 places.

**Lumber Burned.**  
The lumber yard of Ira Carley at Ingalls was set on fire in half a dozen places and about 2,000,000 feet of lumber destroyed. The mill and store were saved. The loss is estimated at \$50,000; partly insured. Two dwellings were also burned, but their contents were saved. The incendiaries are unknown.

**Dropped Dead.**  
Rev. William H. Allworth, of Lansing, a retired Congregational minister, dropped dead at Plymouth Congregational church while addressing the regular weekly prayer meeting. He was born in England, was 78 years old and had spent many years in the ministry in Canada and Michigan.

**In Good Condition.**  
The state banking department of Michigan issued a consolidated report of the condition of the 174 state banks and four trust companies of the state at the close of business October 6, which shows that the total resources of the banks are \$85,035,972, and that the liabilities are far less.

**Brief Items of News.**  
Albert Robinson, living in Sandstone, turned kerosene oil from a jug into a fire and Mrs. Robinson and her eight-year-old daughter were burned to death. Robinson was injured fatally and the house was consumed.

Fire in the Franklin house at Manistee caused 15 guests to jump from the second story in their night clothes and some were severely injured.

Robert J. White, of Grand Rapids, was robbed of \$400 by three gloved women in Chicago.

Miss E. L. Abbott, of Dowagiac, and Miss Mary Wilson, of Muskegon, graduates of a local hospital in Grand Rapids, left to take charge of nursing hospitals at Nankin and Wahu.

The Bancroft house at Imlay City, owned by D. McGillis, was destroyed by fire with part of the contents. Loss, \$9,000.

John Evert, employed on the farm of James Patterson near Ravenna, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a pocket knife. He was about 55 years of age, and the only cause known is despondency.

Robert O'Connor, aged 18, son of a wealthy man of Louisville, Ky., escaped from the sanitarium at Battle Creek, where he was being treated for insanity caused by cigarette smoking.

By the payment of \$8,000, S. Dessau, president of the Dessau company, New York, secured a 20-year extension to his lease of the Millie mine in Iron Mountain.

Joseph Paul Reiff, a jeweler well known in Masonic circles, died at his home in Detroit, aged 52 years.

The Dowagiac Manufacturing company's drill works have started up, giving employment to 150 men.

The fruit growers of Summit township, Mason county, have formed the Summit Fruit Package company, with a capital stock of \$10,000.

The number of fatalities in mines in Houghton county during the year ended October 1 shows a great falling off compared with other years. Only 19 lives were lost, out of nearly 9,000 men employed.

A Lawton man has been experimenting with a new kind of sirup, made from the juice of watermelons boiled down. The flavor is much like that of sorghum, only somewhat richer.

Allegan county has furnished 22 patients to the insane asylum at Kalamazoo in the past year.

# MAY BEFRIEND CUBA.

**Cleveland Wants to Recognize Its Belligerent Rights.**  
Washington, Nov. 9.—Information of the most startling character regarding a correspondence between President Cleveland and the Spanish minister, Senor Depuy De Lome, concerning the future course of this country toward Cuba is current here. It is said that a few days ago the president, in a semi-official manner, sent to ascertain from the Spanish minister whether he had any information which he might be willing to give regarding the future course of Spain toward the insurgents in Cuba. To this suggestion Senor Depuy De Lome is said to have returned a letter in which he assured the president that within 60 days from the date thereof (November 1) Spain would have crushed the revolution or withdrawn her troops from the island.

To this astounding rejoinder President Cleveland is said to have replied on the following day that he would consider the information imparted by the Spanish minister as sufficient to justify this government in delaying any action until the expiration of the time named and that by the same token he would feel justified in recommending recognition of the Cuban republic should the Spanish government fail to restore peace within two months.

In the opinion of those who know the Spanish minister this move on his part is regarded as a clever diplomatic attempt to forestall any action by the president based on the report that Consul General Lee is believed to be about to make and to secure a postponement of action by the executive until the winter campaign shall have been inaugurated.

In conversation with Secretary Olney Friday Gen. Lee informed the secretary of state that the Spaniards were making small progress, and that there was no prospect of the speedy termination of the war under present circumstances. He declared that he regarded as extremely improbable the immediate occurrence of Spanish success, and he informed the secretary of state that Spain, realizing this, would be glad to find some means for closing the war without seeming to lose prestige among nations, and without giving the opponents of the party in power in Madrid too much political capital.

Gen. Lee intimated that he believed the policy to be adopted to attain this end involves the commission of some overt act against the United States which will result in such an emphatic protest by this country that no apology can be accepted. He declared that Gen. Weyer and his adviser appear to regard the commission of such an act as necessary to the close of hostilities with honor to Spain.

He took the same view as that frequently expressed in this country, namely, that the Spaniards will welcome retaliation on the part of the United States as a reason for the withdrawal of the Spanish troops from the island on the plea that Spain is too weak to antagonize such a powerful foe as the United States.

# WISCONSIN'S SEMI-CENTENNIAL.

**Will Properly Be Celebrated by a Big Exposition at Milwaukee in 1898.**

Milwaukee, Nov. 9.—A number of Milwaukee business men who are interested in the success of the Wisconsin semi-centennial project met Saturday and decided to push matters. It is proposed, if possible, to have the celebration take the character of an interstate affair, and with that idea in view Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio and Minnesota, the states that formed the old northwest territory, will be asked to participate. A call for a meeting to be held here December 2 will soon be issued. In addition to the committee of 100, representatives of all cities and counties in the state and all branches of industry will be invited to attend.

# SNOW IN SOUTH DAKOTA.

**Farmers Caught Unawares and Much Suffering Is Expected.**

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 9.—Reports from points in South Dakota report a remarkably heavy fall of snow for this season of the year. A Huron special says from 12 to 14 inches of snow covers the ground in that portion of the state, more than fell all last winter, and the heaviest so early in the season for 16 years. Thousands of acres of corn are covered, and but a small portion of the crop has been gathered. Settlers are unprepared for winter and much suffering will follow. The snow has drifted and railway trains are impeded. Chamberlain and Miller report heavy loss to stock and much suffering as a result of the severe weather.

# Old-Time Journalist Dead.

Philadelphia, Nov. 9.—Capt. Elias Joseph Micken, one of the founders of the Philadelphia Dispatch, died Saturday, 79 years of age. At one time he was the best known proprietor of a districtively Sunday newspaper in this city, and both he and his paper wielded an influence in state and municipal politics. Capt. Micken, with John Lawler and Robert Everett, started the Dispatch in May, 1848. He relinquished control of the paper eight years ago.

# One Killed and Four Injured.

Ashland, Pa., Nov. 9.—One man was killed, one fatally injured and three others seriously hurt Saturday by the explosion of the boilers in the Centralia colliery, near this place. All but one of the men are Hollanders. The Centralia colliery is operated by the Lehigh Valley Coal company.

# A SPECIAL SESSION.

**Mark Hanna Thinks Mr. McKinley Will Call One.**

New York, Nov. 9.—There will in all probability be an extra session of congress called soon after Maj. McKinley's inauguration next March. The statement was made Saturday to a New York World reporter by Mark A. Hanna, who intimated that his authority is the president-elect. Mr. Hanna refused to go on record concerning the probable making-up of the McKinley cabinet, but repeated his assertion that he would accept no position or office within the gift of the president. Concerning the future policy of Maj. McKinley and of the republican party, Mr. Hanna said:

"I have had but comparatively brief conversations with Maj. McKinley since his election. Next week I expect to meet him at Cleveland, and, as he will have had time to think over matters, he will have more details than I am at present aware of. But this much I know: He feels that he owes much to the patriotic democrats who prefer principle to strict party ties. Indiana, for instance, was unquestionably carried against fusion by democratic votes. He recognized the very great services performed by democratic and independent newspapers during the campaign.

"Maj. McKinley will endeavor to see collected a great national party that will give prosperity to the country. He expects and hopes that men of all shades of former political belief will unite to this end. I have talked with some of the most influential of the old democratic leaders, and I am glad to say they are in accord with Maj. McKinley's hopes.

"The first movement he will make will be to obtain sufficient revenue to conduct the government. Further issues of bonds would be altogether too dangerous. Business prosperity and stability demand that as soon as possible the government should be on a paying basis. To this end an extra session of congress will be necessary, and President McKinley will undoubtedly call one soon after his inauguration. Legislation will be required to secure the desired revenue, and Mr. McKinley will do everything in his power to secure it, as well as the legal establishment of a policy which will tend to put everybody at work. In all this he hopes and expects that he will be backed by patriotic men, regardless of party lines. As for myself, I am not after any office, and will endeavor to attend to private business affairs which need my personal supervision.

Mr. Hanna when asked what democrats of note he had talked with on the subject of the future, said:

"I do not wish to name them all, but I may mention Messrs. W. C. Whitney and Abram S. Hewitt as examples."

# THE POSTAL SERVICE.

**Synopsis of Report of the First Assistant Postmaster-General.**

Washington, Nov. 9.—First Assistant Postmaster-General Frank H. Jones, in his annual report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, states that there has, during that time, been a saving of \$3,278,985, and also such was an improvement in the service of delivering the volume of mail matter.

The number of presidential post offices is 3,654, the salaries of the postmasters being \$6,203,900, and the total gross receipts from these offices were \$85,282,364.

Mr. Jones recommends that \$17,000,000 be appropriated to compensate postmasters for the next fiscal year. He asks only \$11,000,000 for clerk hire, a considerable decrease in proportion to the increase of clerks to be employed. He recommends that \$75,000 be appropriated for the rental and purchase of canceling machines. He thinks \$15,000 a sufficient sum to cover advertising expenses regarding unclaimed letters, and advocates the adoption of the bulletin board system in this matter. He recommends that ten inspectors be assigned to look after the work in the salary and allowance branch of the service.

Free delivery service has been established at 24 cities during the year, and there are now but 63 entitled to it, but on account of the expense the remainder could not be benefited. Experimental free delivery in towns and villages has shown a reduction in gross receipts in a majority of offices. By November 1 next rural free delivery will be tested in about 30 states. There was a reduction of dismissals of letter carriers, which evidences the high standard of discipline. An estimated expenditure of \$13,326,500 is made on account of free delivery system for the fiscal year 1897-98. Negotiations are now pending for an exchange of money orders with Mexico. Mr. Jones recommends that a penalty be prescribed for the unlawful use of the frank of a member of congress and suggests \$500 fine in each case. He says the law was disregarded during the campaign just closed. He asks legislation to do away with private post office boxes.

# DAVID BLAKELY DEAD.

**Was Once Commissioner of Pensions—Well Known in Musical Circles.**

New York, Nov. 9.—David Blakely, manager of Sousa's band and president of the Blakely Printing company of Chicago, died in this city Saturday.

(David Blakely, a pioneer newspaper publisher in the west, was an associate of ex-Secretary of War Ramsey, ex-Secretary of the Treasury Windom, and was appointed by President Grant commissioner of pensions. Although prominently identified with St. Paul and Minneapolis newspapers in his early years, and later with the old Chicago Evening Post, Mr. Blakely was best known in musical circles, with which he had been identified ever since boyhood. He moved to New York and assumed the general management of the P. S. Gilmore band, a position he held for several years. During this time his attention was called to John Philip Sousa, then with the Washington Marine band. He subsequently secured Sousa's release from government service and established the now celebrated Sousa band, retaining the active management of that organization until his death. Mr. Blakely was born in Binghamton, N. Y., in 1834. He was married in Minnesota in 1858 to Miss Adele Low, daughter of a prominent citizen of Vermont. The widow and four daughters survive him.)

# WILL CONTINUE THE BATTLE.

**Silver Leaders Decide to Carry on the Warfare for Bimetallism.**

Washington, Nov. 9.—Directors of the American Bimetallic union, who constitute the bulk of the silver leaders in three parties, have declared to maintain headquarters in the city and use it as the agency through which literature is to be spread broadcast over the land. The branch office at Chicago will be consolidated with the Washington office, but the San Francisco branch is to be continued. Gen. A. J. Warner, president of the union, at the request of the directors, has issued the following address setting forth the purposes of the silver men:

"To the Silver Leagues and Bimetallic Unions of the United States: Silver has lost in this election, but the battle for the overthrow of the gold standard has not ended. The disastrous consequences that must attend upon the continuance of this standard make it impossible to relinquish the struggle against it until it is finally overthrown.

"The gold standard cannot be maintained by increasing revenues, because revenues are not paid in gold. The attempt to maintain the gold standard by perpetual loans must also sooner or later fail. The only other way is by contracting the currency and forcing down prices so low that gold will come here of itself in such quantities as to constitute, in part, at least, the currency with which revenues are paid, and no debtor nation can long maintain such a policy. Either course, therefore, leads to inevitable ruin: the one by bankrupting the government, and the other by bankrupting the people. Either policy will subject the United States absolutely to British domination, and hence the rejoicing of the British press over the defeat of silver here.

"The victory for gold is a victory of trusts and syndicated wealth, brought about by corruption and coercion, and not a victory by the people, for the people, and it cannot last. There must be an end also to the constant appreciation of money. The appreciation of money alone, if allowed to go on at the rate it has gone on for the past 20 years, will, in half a generation more, transfer the bulk of all the wealth of this country from those who have created it to the hands of the few who control the money and own the debts. No power can be conceived so potent to gather wealth into few hands as the ceaseless, all-pervading power of an appreciating money standard. No civilization can stand it. It must end, or the foundations upon which free institutions rest will be broken up. The battle, therefore, for the restoration of silver must go on without abatement, and I urge upon all silver and bimetallic leagues and unions to keep up their organizations and to continue the fight till victory for the people is finally won. The noble fight made by our intrepid leader in the campaign just ended endears him to all who believe in the righteousness of our cause, and under his leadership we believe victory will be won in 1900."

# THE PEOPLE'S PARTY.

**Chairman of the National Committee Issues a Statement to Public.**

Washington, Nov. 9.—Senator Marion Butler, chairman of the national committee of the people's party, Saturday issued a statement to the people of the United States. In opening he says: "In the remarkable campaign just closed the people's party was the only party that supported solidly and untidily the great and vital issues represented in the candidacy of Mr. Bryan. This was natural, for the people's party came into existence to bring to the front and to press to victory the principles of Lincoln and Jefferson, already long discarded by the two old parties."

In referring to the cooperation with the democrats in the present campaign, he says:

"The people's party, with a high patriotism and an unselfish devotion to principle, greater than ever before exhibited by any other party, stepped outside of its organization to throw its 2,000,000 votes solidly for Mr. Bryan. Had not more than this number of those who called themselves democrats in 1892 given their support to Mr. McKinley, the cause of the people and American principles would have triumphed this year."

Reference to Mr. Bryan is made as follows:

"The remarkable and brilliant campaign of William J. Bryan would have aligned these forces and marched them to triumphant victory if any candidate or leader in America could have done so under the democratic banner."

The closing portion of the address is as follows:

"The position of the people's party in this great contest has convinced every patriotic American that the party can be trusted to stand for the principles of good government and the interests of the people under any and all circumstances. Therefore the people's party will be the nucleus around which the patriotic hosts must and will gather to redeem a betrayed republic and restore prosperity to an oppressed and outraged people."

# TWO ELECTORS IN DELAWARE.

**Republicans Fail to Secure the Third by a Mistake in Ballots.**

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 9.—The count of the vote of the three counties in the state shows that Bryan will have one elector and McKinley two.

This condition of affairs is the result of two tickets used by the republicans which had a difference in the printed name of Elector Shaw. Some of the tickets had the name "James G. Shaw" and others "James G. Shaw, Sr."

Rodney's plurality was 6,313. The other two republican electors each had 20,452.

New York, Nov. 9.—The announcement from Milwaukee by friends of Senator John L. Mitchell, of Wisconsin, that he will support gold measures in the senate, makes a tie of the gold and silver forces in that body and puts upon Vice President Hobart the responsibility of casting the deciding vote. This, of course, took the assumption that no other changes are made.

Newark, N. J., Nov. 9.—The official canvass of the vote for presidential electors in the state of New Jersey was made Saturday. The plurality for McKinley is 87,102. The total vote was: McKinley (rep.), 221,897; Bryan (dem.), 134,995; Palmer (nat. dem.), 6,474; Levering (pro.), 5,008. The social labor vote about equals the vote cast for Palmer.



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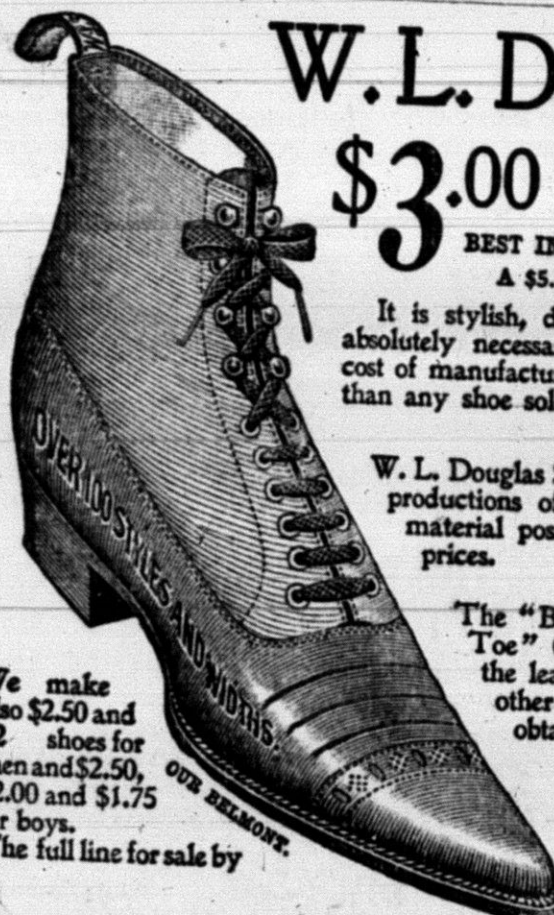
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W. L. Douglas \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00 Shoes are the productions of skilled workmen, from the best material possible to put into shoes sold at these prices.

The "Beimont" and "Pointed Toe" (shown in cuts) will be the leaders this season, but any other style desired may be obtained from our agents.

We use only the best Calf, Russia Calf (all colors), French Patent Calf, French Enamel, Kid, etc., graded to correspond with prices of the shoes. If dealer cannot supply you, write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. CATALOGUE FREE.

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**F. & A. M.**

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1896:  
Jan. 28; Feb. 25; Mar. 24; April 21; May 26; June 23; July 21; Aug. 18; Sept. 15; Oct. 20; Nov. 17; annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 15. J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

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## Chelsea and Vicinity.

Jas. P. Wood is on the sick list.  
Thanksgiving Day two weeks from to-day.  
Mrs. Wilburn, of Lyndon, is in poor health.  
G. A. Barrus, of Chicago, spent Monday in town.  
Mrs. Alice Gorman, who has been very ill, is better.  
Wm. Burk, of Detroit, was a Chelsea visitor Tuesday.  
P. J. Lehman, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor Wednesday.  
Born, Nov. 11, 1896, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wirkner, a daughter.

Postmaster Beaks, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor last Tuesday.  
Born, Nov. 7, 1896, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wedemeyer, a daughter.  
Mrs. A. R. Congdon, of Dexter, is the guest of Chelsea friends to-day.

Mrs. Wilson, of Port Huron, spent part of last week with Mrs. Dr. Hamilton.

Jas. P. Wood & Co. will add 18 bean pickers to their present force, making 53 in all.

Mrs. Barrus and grandchildren left for Chicago Monday, where they will spend the winter.

A regular meeting of Olive Chapter No. 108, O. E. S., will be held Wednesday evening, Nov. 18.

Miss Louise Tiplady, of Pinckney, was the guest of her cousin, Miss Mary McKernan, last Sunday.

Mrs. William Cassidy visited her daughter Winifred, who is at St. Joseph's Academy, Adrian, the greater part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Tuttle will leave Saturday for Alma, Mich., where they will spend a few weeks with their daughter.

The mason finished the foundation for Jacob Staffan's livery barn last week. The brick work will be completed as soon as possible.

The funeral of Walter Richards, who was killed by the cars at Jackson last Friday, was held from the Congregational church last Monday.

J. S. Gorman's cigarmakers, who went out on a strike last summer here, adopted the Jackson scale of prices and commenced work again last Monday.

Next Sunday, Nov. 15, 1896, the Rev. W. P. Considine, rector of St. Mary's church, will complete eleven years of most successful labor in St. Mary's parish, Chelsea.

The Lutherans of Dexter and Chelsea have employed Rev. L. Koelbing, of Farmington, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Rev. G. Eisen. Mr. Koelbing will reside in Dexter.

Miss Kate Forner, of Henrietta, who is a granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Simon Weber, Sr., of Chelsea, was married to Mr. James Miller, of Jackson, Wednesday, Nov. 11, 1896. A large number of relatives from Chelsea attended the wedding.

About thirty friends assembled at the residence of Dr. and Mrs. Wm. Hamilton last evening. It was the sixteenth anniversary of their wedding. This much, however, was a surprise to the guests. Refreshments were partaken of, and a pleasant evening enjoyed.

Friday evening, Nov. 13, the Epworth League will hold their monthly business meeting, after which the League will start on their imaginary trip to New Orleans, where they intend to spend the winter. All their friends are invited to be present to see them depart.

The board of election canvassers met in Ann Arbor Tuesday. Wm. Dansingburg (rep.) on the face of the returns was defeated by about 32 votes for the office of county clerk. He demanded a recount of the whole vote of the county, 32 voting places. Hiram Lighthall (dem.), who was defeated by about 76 votes for the office of sheriff, demanded a recount in six voting places. Both Dansingburg and Lighthall hope to gain enough votes by the recount to insure their election.

Owing to the fact that a large number of people were kept from seeing the play "Damon and Pythias" last Tuesday night, and the Chelsea Lodge, Knights of Pythias, having been specially requested to reproduce this play, it will be reproduced next Saturday night, Nov. 14, for the benefit of the Knights of Pythias. For the benefit of those who were not present last Tuesday, the night of the production, all you will have to do is to ask any one who was present, and they will assure you that the play gave excellent satisfaction. Mr. Labadie and wife and Miss McCrea have agreed to remain with us until that night and take the same parts they did last Tuesday. The price of admission will be: Adults 25c, children 15c. Reserved seats at J. W. Beissel's store without extra charge.

## Damon and Pythias.

The Labadie-Rowell Company, supported by local talent, presented "Damon and Pythias" to a full house last Tuesday evening. Following is the cast:

Damon	Francis Labadie
Calanthe	Miss Hattie Rowell
Pythias	Chas. C. Miller
Dyonisius	Geo. S. Laird
Phyllistius	S. P. Foster
Damocles	Bert Holett
Procles	B. B. Turnbull
Lucullus	T. G. Speer
Hermion	Miss Ione Tuller
Arria	Miss Beatrice Noteman

Senators, Soldiers, Guards, Executioner, Citizens, etc.

## Statement of the Chelsea Fair of '96.

RECEIPTS.	
Gate receipts Oct. 8.....	\$215 05
Gate receipts Oct. 9.....	170 63
Stands and privileges.....	72 50
Total.....	\$458 18
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Speed premiums.....	\$134 00
Hay and straw.....	28 83
Police.....	15 00
Secretary and assistant....	14 50
Advertising.....	17 13
Band music.....	31 00
Class book and poster.....	7 50
Marshal.....	3 00
Gatekeeper.....	3 00
Assistant ticket seller.....	2 50
Sundry expense.....	1 98
Total.....	\$258 44
Net proceeds.....	199 74
Park Association, half.....	99 87
Premiums, half.....	99 87
Thirty per cent of the premiums will be paid.	\$199 74

B. PARKER, Treasurer.

## List of Patents

Granted to Michigan inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite United States patent office, Washington, D. C.:

W. E. Allington, East Saginaw, dust collector; J. F. Bible, Ionia, wheel and axle connection; E. Blodgett, Muskegon, grain tempering machine; L. K. Coe, Saginaw, typewriter; W. T. Davis, Battle Creek, governor; Z. J. Dilley, Muir, bicycle support; F. Fischer, Chesaning, wagon; W. R. Fox, Grand Rapids, machine for cutting bicycle tubing; W. E. Hill, Kalamazoo, log loader and turner; C. W. McElroy, Adrian, wrench; O. B. Perley, Port Huron, steam steering apparatus; J. A. Peterson, Sturgis, combination bed and sofa; W. Shaw, Detroit, rasp; A. F. Temple, Muskegon, extension curtain roller; C. C. Toben, Bay City, device for cooling hot boxes; D. W. Tower, Grand Rapids, tooth brush; J. J. Waters, Saginaw, mechanical movement; M. L. Wilcox, Bay City, bicycle ball bearing.

## Who is She?

A Grand Rapids dispatch to the Detroit Tribune, under date of October 30, is as follows:

"A young lady recently paid \$800 cash for a mahogany bedroom set and other furniture of costly design. The clerk's curiosity was aroused. He found that she was a German who came here when she was 15 years of age. She worked as a housemaid, but expressed a determination to get an education. She went to the U. of M. and studied medicine and graduated. Her employer paid expenses. She has met with great success, and her income is said to be represented by five figures. She was left a fortune in Germany recently and is there settling up the estate. She will return and build a handsome house in Washtenaw county."

Who is she?

## For Sale.

A first-class top buggy; style, side bar eastern make; full leather top.

GEORGE BLAICH.

## Did You Ever.

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at Glazier & Stimson's Drug Store.

**There!**

**Mr. Oyster**

You'll be in the soup

Freeman's got you on sale by the

Pint, Quart or Gallon,

and you're so

Big, Plump and Sweet.

People with no appetite at all can eat you.

Get them at ...

**FREEMAN'S**

**G. W. Palmer,**

PHYSICIAN

AND

SURGEON.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

**E. J. PHELPS, M.D.**

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office in Durand & Hatch Building,

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

**Dr. W. A. CONLAN**  
DENTIST.

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store, CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

**H. W. SCHMIDT,**

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5.



Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.

Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

**WM. S. HAMILTON,**

Veterinary Surgeon,

Supplies Conditioning Powders for animals debilitated by disease or overwork. Special attention given to Lameness and Horse Dentistry. Mouths examined free. Office and Residence on Park Street across from Methodist church, Chelsea, Mich.

**N. E. FREER,**

Attorney at Law and Notary Public.

All legal business given prompt attention.

Office in the Turnbull & Wilkinson Building, Chelsea, Mich.



TRADE AT

# :- HOLMES' -:

IT PAYS.

Your money buys most there, yet our low prices are never at the cost of quality.

If you want black dress goods that you can rely on, buy them of us. We are selling 36-inch all wool serge at 25 cents. 38-inch wool serge at 29 cents, and 45-inch wool serge at 39 cents.

All wool novelties at 29, 39, 50 and 59 cents, as good as others are offering at 50 to 75 cents.

We are giving the best styles and values in this department ever offered in Chelsea.

## A BIG LOT

Of ladies' jackets, choice \$10.00, worth \$15.00. In Boucle Rough Caterpillar effects and fine Kerseys, wide fronts, new sleeves, newest cuts, some silk faced and some lined throughout. Just received 15 jackets to sell at \$5.00. We have just received 20 new plush capes in plain and fancy braided.

## UNDERWEAR.

This week we shall offer ladies' Jersey ribbed underwear, regular 50 cent quality, for 40 cents. 40 cent quality for 35 cents. We have the best 25 cent underwear in Chelsea.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

# TO THE PUBLIC!

Having recently come into possession of the Chelsea Flouring Mills, and having associated with myself Mr. E. D. Lane, the popular miller, who will at all times have charge of said mill and see that no pains be spared to make its efficiency as popular as any mill in Central Michigan, we solicit the patronage of the public, and pledge ourselves to make it so efficient that the most fastidious will exclaim: Give me Chelsea flour, for I will have no other."

Hoping that the public and ourselves may be mutually benefitted, and that prosperity may attend all who favor us with a call.

Truly yours,

**HATCH & LANE.**

Buckwheat flour a specialty.

## LIKE THE YOUNG LADY

At a ball who called her an Indian because he was on her trail all the time, we are on your trail and won't be satisfied until we secure you as a customer. We've got meats and prices to hold you with.

Choice steam kettle rendered lard in 25lb lots at 64c per lb. Smaller lots at 7c per lb. Bulk oysters and poultry at lowest prices.

**ADAM EPPLER.**

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.



**GEO. E. DAVIS,**

Everybody's Auctioneer.

Headquarters at

**HERALD OFFICE.**

Auction Bills furnished Free.

## READY ON TIME.

Couldn't have been so without an accurate time-piece.

Whether it is a clock, watch or piece of jewelry you want, you can be sure of its reliability if you buy from us.

**L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.**

## Council Proceedings

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, Nov. 4, 1896.

Board met in Council room.

Meeting called to order by President.

Roll call by Clerk.

Present—Wm. P. Schenk, President; Trustees Glazier, Foster, Raftery, Wedemeyer and Vogel.

Absent—Trustee Mensing.

Moved by Raftery and supported by Wedemeyer, that the following bills be allowed and orders drawn on the Treasurer for the same:

Elmer Beach, hauling 23 loads of gravel at 40c..... \$ 9 20

Elmer Beach, 4 1/2 days on scraper, 3 horses, at \$5..... 13 50

W. B. Sumner, 14 days work on street at \$1.25..... 17 50

Mat Hauser, 2 1/4 days work on street at \$1.25..... 2 81

Thomas Wilkinson, 13 1/2 days with team at \$3.25..... 30 38

Thomas Wilkinson, 5 days work on street at \$1.25..... 6 25

Robert Leach, 50 yards earth in front W. S. Hamilton's at 20c... 10 00

Robert Leach, 19 yards earth in front of J. C. Taylor's at 20c.... 3 80

Robert Leach, 118 yards earth on Madison street at 20c..... 23 60

Rush Green, salary for October... 35 00

Chelsea Electric Light Co., lights for October..... 175 00

John W. Beissel, mdse. bill rendered..... 1 62

John W. Beissel, collecting taxes.. 33 00

**\$361 66**

Yeas—Glazier, Foster, Raftery, Wedemeyer and Vogel.

Nays—None.

Carried.

Report of Treasurer for October:

Cash on hand Oct. 1, 1896..... \$ 865 36

Cash received during October.... 1399 60

**\$2264 96**

Orders paid during October..... 411 45

Cash on hand Nov. 1, 1896..... \$1853 51

Moved by Raftery and supported by Wedemeyer, that the report of Treasurer for October be accepted and placed on file.

Carried.

PETITION OF THEO. E. WOOD AND OTHERS.

To the Village Council:

We, the undersigned taxpayers, residing on Summit street, would respectfully petition your honorable body to place an electric light on the street mentioned, as the same is unsafe for travel dark nights.

T. E. Wood. Geo. E. Davis.  
A. C. Pierce. F. L. Davidson.  
Mary V. Conk. Jay Everett.  
E. E. Shaver. Geo. W. Beckwith.  
W. Cushman.

On motion the above petition was referred to the Street Committee.

Moved by Glazier and supported by Wedemeyer, that the Clerk be instructed to notify Railroad Commissioner Billings that owing to recent changes in the watchmen by the M. C. R. R. Main street is not properly guarded by a flagman.

Carried.

On motion the above minutes were approved.

On motion Board adjourned.

W. P. SCHENK, President.

JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

## Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 6, 1896.—

About the only people in Washington who were surprised at the election of McKinley are the very ones who should not have been surprised—those who had taken part in the management of Bryan's campaign and who knew or should have known exactly what a sort of information it was upon which they based their claims that Bryan would be elected. Nearly everybody was surprised at the extent of the defeat of silver. It was supposed by most well-informed people in this locality that McKinley would be elected by a small majority of the electoral votes, and that the republicans would retain control of the House by a reduced majority, but few of the most ardent republicans expected their party to carry enough state legislatures to secure control of the Senate, although, of course, they hoped for such a result. The result is another evidence of the latter day tendency to make elections avalanches one way or the other.

The loss of the Senate is a very serious blow to the silver men, not only because it was entirely unexpected and unprepared for, but because it will destroy their last hope of being able to keep the silver question before the public during McKinley's administration. The silver leaders had counted much more confidently upon keeping their majority in the Senate than

upon the election of Bryan, and had planned to use that majority to prevent any tariff legislation during McKinley's administration, unless the bill passed should carry a silver amendment, just as they did at the last session of Congress. They still say that they intend to keep up the fight for silver, but they do not say how. Unless there is a hitch in the present program the republicans will be able to legislate as they please after the 4th of March, regardless of the silver men. Should the legislation of the next Congress, tariff or any other sort, fail to give the country the promised relief from the present unsatisfactory commercial and industrial conditions, the silver question will keep itself before the public; but should general prosperity follow that legislation it will be difficult, if not impossible, for any party to make a national campaign with silver as the main issue. An overwhelming majority of the voters have just declared against silver, and about the only thing that would cause enough of those voters to reverse the result four years hence will be a failure to derive the benefits they expect to get through their defeat of silver. Meanwhile, men who voted for silver and who have not changed their minds are already asking what can possibly be gained by keeping up the agitation.

The Bryan managers were hard losers. They refused to concede McKinley's election and continued to hope that belated returns would alter the announced result in a sufficient number of states to elect Bryan long after everybody else had given up the fight and accepted defeat. They were like Mr. Bryan in that respect. They had worked themselves into the belief that Mr. Bryan was "a man of destiny" and was bound to be elected. Hope and confidence are always good things in a political campaign, and a belief in destiny is not especially disadvantageous; but a majority of the votes on election day is after all the only thing that wins.

The politicians have already begun work on President-elect McKinley's cabinet and are figuring as zealously as though they had actually been asked to do the work. It is said that the gold democrats think they ought to have a representative in the cabinet. Some of them may really think so, but thinking and getting are two very different things, as Mr. Bryan can testify if he will. Mr. McKinley is a very courteous gentleman, and he doubtless feels obliged to the gold democrats who voted for him; but he is also a partisan of partisans, and it will be a good guess to say that no man will be a member of his cabinet who is not a republican. Even were he disposed to have a democrat in his cabinet, the experience of Presidents Hayes and Cleveland in going outside of their parties for cabinet advisers would probably cause him to think some time before doing it.

A larger number of prominent government officials went to their homes and voted than followed the example set by President Cleveland in spending election day in Washington. Among those who, like the President, did not vote were Secretaries Olney, Carlisle and Morton, Solicitor-General Conrad, Assistant Attorney-General Thomas, and Assistant Secretaries Rockhill, Dabney and Sims. Among those who went to their homes and voted were Secretaries Francis, Lamont and Herbert, Postmaster-General Wilson, Attorney-General Harmon, Assistant Attorney-General Whitney, Assistant Secretaries Baldwin, Hamlin, Curtis, Wike and McAdoo, and all four of the Postmaster-General's assistants, Jones, Neilson, Craig and Maxwell. Bryan may have gotten three votes out of the above, but he certainly did not get more and probably did not get that many. There seems to be a sort of understanding among the officials not to talk for publication about the result of the election. This is said to be because a plan is already being talked of to bring about a reorganization of the democratic party, and they do not care to say anything that would add to the existing bitterness of feeling between the gold and silver members of the party. The silver democrats are not as considerate of the gold democrats; they are expressing their opinions in a vigorous and unprintable manner.

## Condensed Testimony.

Chas. B. Hood, broker and manufacturer's agent, Columbus, Ohio, certifies that Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal as a cough remedy. J. D. Brown, prop. St. James Hotel, Ft. Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was cured of a cough of two years' standing, caused by a gripper, by Dr. King's New Discovery. B. F. Merrill, Baldwinville, Mass., says that he has used and recommended it and never knew it to fail, and would rather have it than any doctor, because it always cures. Mrs. Hemming, 232 E. 25th st., Chicago, always keeps it at hand and has no fear of croup, because it instantly relieves. Free trial bottles at Glazier & Stinson's Drug Store.

GO TO...

# Beissel's Supply House

FOR...

Best Quality and Low Prices.

We are now offering:

New Raisins, Currants, Figs, Lemon, and Orange Peel.

We are giving our customers

The best bargains in the line of Groceries that can be found anywhere, and it is for your interest to give them a share of your attention.

For courteous treatment and prompt delivery go to the

Corner Grocery.

We want your Butter and Eggs.

**J. W. Beissel.**

**Wanted—An Idea** Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

## PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICES OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

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OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

The COAST LINE to MACKINAC

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DETROIT  
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CHICAGO

**2 New Steel Passenger Steamers**  
The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Boat Construction—Luxurious Equipment, Artistic Furnishings, Decoration and Efficient Service, insuring the highest degree of CONFORT, SPEED AND SAFETY.

FOUR TRIPS PER WEEK BETWEEN  
**Toledo, Detroit & Mackinac**  
PETOSKEY, "THE SOO," MARQUETTE, AND DULUTH.  
LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and returns, including Trunks and Berths. From Cleveland, \$48; from Toledo, \$15; from Detroit, \$13.50.

EVERY EVENING  
**Between Detroit and Cleveland**  
Connecting at Cleveland with Earliest Trains for all points East, South and Southwest and at Detroit for all points North and Northwest.

Sunday Trips June, July, August and September Only.  
EVERY DAY BETWEEN  
**Cleveland, Put-in-Bay & Toledo**  
Send for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address  
A. A. SCHANTZ, S. P. A., DETROIT, MICH.  
**The Detroit and Cleveland Steam Nav. Co.**

**Wanted—An Idea** Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.



# IT IS MCKINLEY.

## Republican Candidate Gets a Large Popular Plurality.

Will Get at Least 265 Votes in the Electoral College—Returns of the Various States.

New York, Nov. 6.—M. A. Hanna, chairman of the republican national committee, gave out the following statement at two p. m. Thursday:

"Sufficient returns have been received to satisfy me that the following states have been carried for McKinley and Hobart without doubt:

California	9	New Jersey	10
Connecticut	6	New York	36
Delaware	3	Ohio	23
Illinois	24	Oregon	3
Indiana	15	Pennsylvania	32
Iowa	13	Rhode Island	4
Maine	6	South Dakota	4
Maryland	8	Vermont	4
Massachusetts	15	West Virginia	6
Minnesota	9	Wisconsin	12
Michigan	14	Wyoming	1
North Dakota	3		
New Hampshire	4	Total	265

"This insures their election by a majority of 41 in the electoral college, if every other electoral vote goes against us.

"Another most significant feature of this victory is the fact that McKinley and Hobart's election has been secured by a plurality of over 1,000,000 of the popular vote—the largest ever given.

"I am confident that we shall secure the other two electors in Wyoming and the 13 in Kentucky; North Carolina (11 votes) is in doubt.

"The importance to the country of this result cannot be overestimated and is a matter of congratulation to all loyal and patriotic citizens of the United States."

### JONES CONCEDES THE ELECTION.

Gives His Reasons for Defeat of the Democratic Candidate.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—Chairman Jones formally conceded the defeat of William J. Bryan Thursday night and made his last presidential campaign statement to the public. The free silver standard was really lowered late Wednesday night, so far as



WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

the election of 1896 is concerned, when advances were received at headquarters from West Virginia conceding the electoral vote of that state to McKinley, but it was decided not to make a public announcement of the fact until Thursday. In the meantime Gov. Stone arrived in Chicago from Missouri in response to Senator Jones' telegram. The national committee chairman, the governor and campaign chairman Campbell were in conference Thursday evening in the senator's room, and at its conclusion the following statement was given to the press:

"The result of the presidential election is apparently no longer in doubt. It has been one of the closest contests that the people have been called on to determine in recent years. We have claimed the election on our advice from states that were admittedly in doubt, in which we knew there had been many frauds and from which there were evidences of tampering with the returns. It seems now to be apparent that, while Mr. Bryan, after making the most brilliant campaign in the history of our country, has carried most of the states claimed to be doubtful, but has not carried enough to assure his success in the electoral college. Bryan electors have been chosen in all the states south of the Potomac and Ohio, except West Virginia, and all those west of the Missouri except California and Oregon. He has 190 electoral votes, and this number may be increased by final returns from states yet in question.

### Cause of the Defeat.

"Thus this remarkable campaign closes with the election of William McKinley. The result was brought about by every kind of coercion and intimidation on the part of the money power, including threats of lockouts and dismissals and impending starvation; by the employment of by far the largest campaign fund ever used in this country and by the subordination of a large portion of the American press. The president-elect and his party are under pledge to the American people to continue the gold standard and by its operation to restore prosperity to this country. As chief executive Mr. McKinley will have the cordial support of the millions of patriotic Americans who have cast their votes for William Jennings Bryan. They bow to the majesty of the office, and abide by the result with none of the muttering and the would-be come from the money power had it been successful. They are confident the gold standard cannot give the promised prosperity, but will gladly welcome it if it comes. They will continue the great struggle for the uplifting of humanity and to the maintenance of the dignity of our country in the establishment of an American monetary system. And the democratic party, aided by its present allies, will still uplift the bimetallic standard and bear it on to victory.

"JAMES K. JONES, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee."

### CONGRATULATES THE VICTOR.

Mr. Bryan Sends a Telegram to the President-Elect.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 6.—At 8:25 Senator Jones' telegram to Mr. Bryan that he had given up the fight was handed to Mr. Bryan at his residence. "You may say," said Mr. Bryan to the reporters, "that the election of McKinley is conceded and that I will issue a statement soon."

Mr. Bryan had not clung to the hope held out to him by some of his enthusiastic followers and was prepared for the news. His wife, too, knew that nothing encouraging was to be expected. Her natural good nature came to the fore when she realized that the strain was over and she laughed and joked with those about her, while Mr. Bryan also chatted the newspaper men.

Immediately after receiving Senator Jones' telegram Mr. Bryan wrote the following dispatch:

"Hon. William McKinley, Canton, O.: Senator Jones has just informed me that the returns indicate your election, and I hasten to extend my congratulations. We have submitted the issues to the American people and their will is law.

"WILLIAM J. BRYAN."

### MCKINLEY TO HANNA.

The Successful Candidate Discourses on the Result.

Canton, O., Nov. 6.—Mr. McKinley Thursday night sent the following telegram to Mr. Hanna in New York:

"Canton, O., Nov. 6.—To Hon. M. A. Hanna, Waldorf Hotel, New York: Your telegraphic message announcing the result of the election has been received. I beg you to accept my hearty thanks for your great services in the cause of 'sound money' and protection throughout the campaign now closed and gloriously won. They were most generous and effective and will receive the warm approbation of your countrymen everywhere. I will be pleased to have you convey to your associates of the national committee my high appreciation of their efficient services.

### Due to Patriotism.

"The people in their majesty, ignoring party lines, have declared their detestation of repudiation and dishonor, in whatever specious guise they may be presented. They have with the same mighty power affirmed their devotion to law and order and their undeviating respect for justice and the courts. They have maintained their unflinching determination to support and uphold the constituted authorities of the country and have thereby given new vigor and strength to our free institutions. They have, indeed, again consecrated themselves to country, and have cherished the ordinances of free government with a new and holy patriotism.

### Victory for the Whole People.

"The victory is not to party or section, but of and for the American people. Not the least of the triumphs of the election is the obliteration of sectional lines in the republic. We have demonstrated to the world that we are a reunited people in purpose as well as in name. We have manifested in the great cause the spirit of fraternity and brotherhood that should always characterize our common and equal citizenship and have proven conclusively that in a country of equal privileges and equal opportunities the insidious doctrine of hate or of class or sectional distinctions cannot prevail. Let us as Americans straightway devote ourselves to the rebuilding of America; to the peace, honor and glory of our common country. Party dissensions should no longer divide or rack the public mind, nor the zeal or temper of either side deter any citizen from patriotic devotion to the good of all.

"WILLIAM MCKINLEY."

### RETURNS BY STATES.

Synopsis of the Latest Available News Regarding the Election.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—From late dispatches the following results of the election are obtained:

KENTUCKY—Republicans claim the state by from 690 to 1,000; democrats place their majority at 2,000; legislature republican.

INDIANA—Latest official and unofficial returns place McKinley's plurality at 20,119. Congressional delegation, nine republicans, four democrats. The democrats have elected Robert W. Meigs in the Second district, W. T. Zener in the Third, William S. Holman in the Fourth and W. F. Robinson in the Twelfth. The legislature is 22 republican on joint ballot.

IOWA—The total vote cast in the state is in excess of 510,000 votes, estimating the prohibition and Palmer votes together at only 5,000. Of these votes, 286,761 were cast for William McKinley and 219,118 for William J. Bryan, giving McKinley a plurality of 67,643. This is not larger than any previous vote by 70,000, but it is the largest republican majority ever given in Iowa. Garfield's majority having been 45,000.

TENNESSEE—Reports indicate that the state is for McKinley by a small margin.

KANSAS—Kansas has, without a doubt, elected Bryan electors. This is conceded by Republican State Chairman Simpson. Populist State Chairman Breidenthal claims the state for the fusion ticket by 13,000, while the republicans assert that the majority will be nearer 5,000. The democrats will probably have four or five of the eight congressmen and will more than likely have the legislature, insuring the election of a populist United States senator to succeed William A. Peffer.

WYOMING—Complete returns from all but 67 precincts in Wyoming, give Bryan 26 plurality. Osborne (dem.) for congress, 255. The precincts to hear from cast 2,000 votes. The indications are that the republicans will get one elector, owing to the arrangement of the names on the ballot, and a supreme judge, and that the democrats will get two electors and the congressmen.

WEST VIRGINIA—Complete returns cannot be got for several days, but the republican electors have from 8,000 to 10,000 plurality and the solid electoral vote of the state will be given to McKinley.

OHIO—Chairman Kuriz, republican state committee, says McKinley has good 52,000 to 53,000 plurality in Ohio. The republicans have 15 congressmen and democrats 6. DELAWARE—McKinley will have between 2,000 and 3,000 plurality. There are but three counties in the state. The republicans elect a senator in Kent county, giving them control of the senate. The democrats will have a majority of one on joint ballot.

MINNESOTA—The plurality for McKinley in Minnesota is 51,284. Clough is elected governor over Lind by a plurality of 5,066.

OREGON—Practically complete returns from all counties of Oregon except five give McKinley a plurality of 3,156.

IDAHO—Bryan probably has 12,000 majority. The democrat-populist ticket is all elected, including Gunn, for congress. Claggett, democrat senator, is elected.

WASHINGTON—Later returns show that Bryan's majority in Washington, as also that for Lewis and Jones, free silver congressional candidates, will be about 12,000, with Rogers (fusion), for governor, probably 500 less.

MICHIGAN—The total vote of Michigan appears to have been in round numbers 485,000, of which, for governor, Pingree received 275,000; Sligh, 205,000. Pingree's actual plurality has increased to 70,300. McKinley is about 16,000 less. The legislature is now estimated as follows: Senate, 23 republicans, 4 fusionists; house, 30 republicans, 20 fusionists.

NEBRASKA—Complete returns from 41 out of the 93 counties of the state received at populist state headquarters give Bryan 7,036 majority, and Holcomb (fusion) for governor, 10,645. It is estimated from these figures that Bryan's majority in the state will be about 10,000, and Holcomb's about 18,000.

ILLINOIS—Illinois is in McKinley's column by a plurality of between 140,000 and 150,000. Figures received up to late Thursday night from the various counties show a plurality of 144,814.

WISCONSIN—The plurality of McKinley in Wisconsin has gone above the 100,000 mark. He has now over 102,000 plurality, with nearly all the counties in the state heard from.

SOUTH DAKOTA—Both parties claim the state, republicans by from 600 to 700

majority for McKinley, and democrats by 1,000 majority.

CALIFORNIA—Returns from 2,251 precincts out of a total of 2,377 in California give McKinley 144,862; Bryan, 133,756. There are 125 precincts yet to hear from, which in 1892 gave Harrison 1,782; Cleveland, 2,095; Weaver, 356.

NORTH DAKOTA—Eight hundred of the 1,243 precincts in the state give McKinley a majority of 2,000. Johnson, candidate for congress on the republican ticket, runs ahead of the state ticket by 500, but the entire state ticket will be elected.

MISSOURI—The estimated plurality for Bryan in the state is 60,000; Stephens, for governor, 40,000. Nearly all the cities are returned complete. The few country precinct returns received show small gains for the democrats. Stephens, for governor, against whom the republicans worked hardest, suffered some, but in many places led his ticket.

NEW YORK—Corrected returns from all counties in New York state give McKinley a plurality of 266,678. Only one county—Schoharie—was carried by Bryan.

TEXAS—Latest estimates place Bryan's plurality in Texas over 100,000 and Culberson's, democratic nominee for governor, 80,000. All the democratic candidates for congress are elected.

COLORADO—The result of Tuesday shows Bryan carried the state by over 100,000, two silver congressmen elected, Shafreth and Bell both re-elected and a legislature which insures the return to the senate of Henry M. Teller. The governorship is still in doubt, both Adams, democratic republican, and Bailey, populist and silver party, claiming election.

UTAH—The democratic, silver republican and populist fusion on the Bryan electors polled approximately 60,000 votes and the McKinley electors 15,000. The Palmer-Buckner electors received only a few scattering votes. The vote for King, democratic for congress, is about 47,000; Holbrook (rep.), 27,000; and Forster (pop.), 700.

MONTANA—Full returns are not yet at hand, but the cities and largest counties have reported and bear out estimates previously sent out that Bryan's majority will be about 15,000. Hartman, for congress, ran considerably behind Bryan, but his majority is large. The entire state fusion ticket is elected and the democrats will have a majority in both branches of the legislature.

NEVADA—The total vote cast in Nevada was about 12,000, of which McKinley will receive about 1,200 and Bryan the balance, according to the returns which have thus far been received. The returns indicate the election of Newlands, silver democrat, for congress, and every other candidate on the silver democrat ticket.

CONNECTICUT—Revised returns (unofficial) from every town in the state show that McKinley's plurality is 5,412. The republican majority on joint ballot in the legislature will be 214. Cooke, republican, for governor, has a majority of 4,630 and a plurality of 52,392 over Sargent, silver democrat. Bryan carries only three of the 168 towns in the state.

ARKANSAS—Returns from the election indicate that Bryan's majority in this state will not exceed 35,000. Congressman W. L. Terry ran 300 ahead of Bryan in this city. All the democratic candidates for congress are elected by increased majorities.

VIRGINIA—The latest returns indicate a plurality of from 18,000 to 20,000 for Bryan. The democratic electors, their congressmen in the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh and Eighth districts. The Ninth district is conceded to the republicans by about 1,500 majority. The Tenth is very close, both sides claiming it.

NORTH CAROLINA—National Democratic Committeeman Josephus Daniels says Bryan's majority in the state approximates 15,000 and he is absolutely safe; that the contest for governor is not yet certain, but indications favor the election of Russell. It may take an official count to determine. The populists have elected congressmen in the First, Third, Fourth, Sixth and Seventh districts, the democrats in the Fifth and Eighth. Republicans in the Second and Ninth. The Tenth is probably a toss-up.

RHODE ISLAND—Returns from Rhode Island show that McKinley has carried the state by a plurality that will approximate 23,000.

NEW JERSEY—The latest returns from New Jersey make but little change in the result sent out Tuesday night. McKinley's plurality is 74,691. Seven of the eight republican candidates for congress are elected.

PENNSYLVANIA—Returns indicate that McKinley will carry the state by 175,000 plurality. Harrison's plurality in 1892 was 137,747.

SOUTH CAROLINA—Bulletins from all parts of the state show a plurality for Bryan of over 9,000. Democratic congressional, state and county tickets also had large majorities.

MARYLAND—McKinley has carried Maryland by 25,000 majority.

GEORGIA—Georgia returns a solid democratic delegation, but by reduced majorities. Bryan's majority in Georgia is estimated at 25,000.

MASSACHUSETTS—McKinley has carried Boston by 12,000 and Massachusetts by over 100,000. Williams, the democratic candidate for governor, is defeated by Wolcott (rep.) by 150,000.

MAINE—There was a general falling off of about 25 per cent. in the total vote, compared with that of the state election. The probability is that the republican plurality will be 40,000.

MISSISSIPPI—Mississippi gives Bryan a majority of 50,000. The vote for Watson will not exceed 10,000.

LOUISIANA—Louisiana gives 35,000 majority for Bryan and elects six democratic congressmen. In consequence of the Australian ballot a light vote, only two-thirds of that of the state election in April, was polled.

FLORIDA—Indications in Florida point to a plurality of 15,000 in the popular vote for Bryan.

### SUMMARY.

Pluralities Given by the Various States to the Candidates.

Following is a table giving as far as possible the probable pluralities of the candidates:

FOR MCKINLEY. FOR BRYAN.

New York	275,000	Missouri	60,000
Pennsylvania	295,000	Texas	45,000
Illinois	144,814	Georgia	25,000
Ohio	140,000	Tennessee	10,000
Indiana	20,000	Virginia	20,000
Massachusetts	168,716	Alabama	35,000
Michigan	60,000	North Carolina	10,000
Iowa	72,000	Kansas	15,000
Wisconsin	102,000	South Carolina	40,000
New Jersey	102,000	Mississippi	50,000
Minnesota	51,284	Arkansas	35,000
California	5,000	Nebraska	35,300
Delaware	25,000	Washington	10,000
Connecticut	54,122	Florida	15,000
N. Hampshire	25,000	Idaho	12,000
Utah	12,000	Montana	15,000
Vermont	35,245	Nevada	5,000
Oregon	3,156	Utah	10,000
Delaware	700		
N. Dakota	8,000	Total	506,150
Wyoming	500		
Total	1,557,562		
Plurality	991,412		

Big Deal by Safe Blowers.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 3.—The office of the treasurer of Toronto university was entered Monday night. The safe blown open and \$1,500 extracted.

## FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

The Political Complexions as Indicated by Late Dispatches.

### THE SENATE.

Name and Address. Terms. Political Complexion.

ALABAMA. John T. Morgan, Selma. 1901. Dem. A democrat.

ARKANSAS. James H. Berry, Bentonville. 1901. Dem. A democrat.

CALIFORNIA. Stephen M. White, Los Angeles. 1899. Dem. A republican.

COLORADO. Edward O. Wolcott, Denver. 1901. Rep. A silver man.

CONNECTICUT. Joseph R. Hawley, Hartford. 1899. Rep. A republican.

DELAWARE. George Gray, Newcastle. 1899. Dem. A democrat.

FLORIDA. Samuel Pasco, Monticello. 1899. Dem. A democrat.

GEORGIA. Augustus O. Bacon, Macon. 1901. Dem. A democrat.

IDAHO. George L. Shoup, Salmon City. 1901. Rep. A silver republican.

ILLINOIS. Shelby M. Cullom, Springfield. 1901. Rep. A republican.

INDIANA. David Turpie, Indianapolis. 1899. Dem. A republican.

IOWA. John H. Gear, Burlington. 1901. Rep. William B. Allison, Dubuque. 1903. Rep.

KANSAS. Lucius Baker, Leavenworth. 1901. Rep. A populist.

KENTUCKY. William Lindsay, Frankfort. 1901. Dem. A republican.

LOUISIANA. Donelson Caffery, Franklin. 1901. Dem. Sam'l D. McEnery, New Orleans. 1903. Dem.

MAINE. Eugene Hale, Ellsworth. 1899. Rep. William P. Frye, Lewiston. 1901. Rep.

MARYLAND. Arthur P. Gorman, Laurel. 1899. Dem. Geo. L. Wellington, Cumberland. 1903. Rep.

MASSACHUSETTS. Julius C. Burrows, Kalamazoo. 1899. Rep. James McMillin, Detroit. 1901. Rep.

MINNESOTA. Cushman K. Davis, St. Paul. 1899. Rep. Knute Nelson, Alexandria. 1901. Rep.

MISSISSIPPI. James Z. George, Carrollton. 1899. Dem. Edward C. Walthall, Grenada. 1901. Dem.

MISSOURI. F. M. Cockrell, Warrensburg. 1899. Dem. A democrat.

MONTANA. Lee Mantle, Butte. 1899. Ind. Thomas H. Carter, Helena. 1901. Ind.

NEBRASKA. William V. Allen, Madison. 1899. Ind. John M. Thurston, Omaha. 1901. Rep.

NEVADA. William M. Stewart, Carson City. 1899. Ind. A silver republican.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. William E. Chandler, Concord. 1901. Rep. A republican.

NEW JERSEY. James Smith, Jr., Newark. 1899. Dem. William J. Sewall, Camden. 1901. Rep.

NEW YORK. Edward Murphy, Jr., Troy. 1899. Dem. A republican.

NORTH CAROLINA. Marion Butler, Elliot. 1901. Ind. A silver republican.

NORTH DAKOTA. William H. Roach, Larimore. 1899. Dem. A republican.

OHIO. John Sherman, Mansfield. 1899. Rep. Joseph B. Foraker, Columbus. 1903. Rep.

IDAHO. At large, W. E. Borah, P.

INDIANA. 1. J. A. Hawenwys, R. 2. Chas. L. Henry, R. 3. H. Myers, D. 4. C. C. Landis, R. 5. M. R. Sullivan, D. 6. Geo. W. Underhill, R. 7. Geo. W. Underhill, R. 8. J. M. Johnson, R. 9. J. M. Johnson, R. 10. J. M. Johnson, R. 11. J. M. Johnson, R. 12. J. M. Johnson, R. 13. J. M. Johnson, R. 14. J. M. Johnson, R. 15. J. M. Johnson, R. 16. J. M. Johnson, R. 17. J. M. Johnson, R. 18. J. M. Johnson, R. 19. J. M. Johnson, R. 20. J. M. Johnson, R. 21. J. M. Johnson, R. 22. J. M. Johnson, R. 23. J. M. Johnson, R. 24. J. M. Johnson, R. 25. J. M. Johnson, R. 26. J. M. Johnson, R. 27. J. M. Johnson, R. 28. J. M. Johnson, R. 29. J. M. Johnson, R. 30. J. M. Johnson, R. 31. J. M. Johnson, R. 32. J. M. Johnson, R. 33. J. M. Johnson, R. 34. J. M. Johnson, R. 35. J. M. Johnson, R. 36. J. M. Johnson, R. 37. J. M. Johnson, R. 38. J. M. Johnson, R. 39. J. M. Johnson, R. 40. J. M. Johnson, R. 41. J. M. Johnson, R. 42. J. M. Johnson, R. 43. J. M. Johnson, R. 44. J. M. Johnson, R. 45. J. M. Johnson, R. 46. J. M. Johnson, R. 47. J. M. Johnson, R. 48. J. M. Johnson, R. 49. J. M. Johnson, R. 50. J. M. Johnson, R. 51. J. M. Johnson, R. 52. J. M. Johnson, R. 53. J. M. Johnson, R. 54. J. M. Johnson, R. 55. J. M. Johnson, R. 56. J. M. Johnson, R. 57. J. M. Johnson, R. 58. J. M. Johnson, R. 59. J. M. Johnson, R. 60. J. M. Johnson, R. 61. J. M. Johnson, R. 62. J. M. Johnson, R. 63. J. M. Johnson, R. 64. J. M. Johnson, R. 65. J. M. Johnson, R. 66. J. M. Johnson, R. 67. J. M. Johnson, R. 68. J. M. Johnson, R. 69. J. M. Johnson, R. 70. J. M. Johnson, R. 71. J. M. Johnson, R. 72. J. M. Johnson, R. 73. J. M. Johnson, R. 74. J. M. Johnson, R. 75. J. M. Johnson, R. 76. J. M. Johnson, R. 77. J. M. Johnson, R. 78. J. M. Johnson, R. 79. J. M. Johnson, R. 80. J. M. Johnson, R. 81. J. M. Johnson, R. 82. J. M. Johnson, R. 83. J. M. Johnson, R. 84. J. M. Johnson, R. 85. J. M. Johnson, R. 86. J. M. Johnson, R. 87. J. M. Johnson, R. 88. J. M. Johnson, R. 89. J. M. Johnson, R. 90. J. M. Johnson, R. 91. J. M. Johnson, R. 92. J. M. Johnson, R. 93. J. M. Johnson, R. 94. J. M. Johnson, R. 95. J. M. Johnson, R. 96. J. M. Johnson, R. 97. J. M. Johnson, R. 98. J. M. Johnson, R. 99. J. M. Johnson, R. 100. J. M. Johnson, R. 101. J. M. Johnson, R. 102. J. M. Johnson, R. 103. J. M. Johnson, R. 104. J. M. Johnson, R. 105. J. M. Johnson, R. 106. J. M. Johnson, R. 107. J. M. Johnson, R. 108. J. M. Johnson, R. 109. J. M. Johnson, R. 110. J. M. Johnson, R. 111. J. M. Johnson, R. 112. J. M. Johnson, R. 113. J. M. Johnson, R. 114. J. M. Johnson, R. 115. J. M. Johnson, R. 116. J.



## SIX ARE DROWNED.

Wreck of the Schooner Waukesha in Lake Michigan.

Disaster Occurs Off Muskegon—One of Crew of Seven Is Saved—He Lays the Blame on a Drunken Captain.

Muskegon, Mich., Nov. 9.—It was about 1:30 Sunday morning when the schooner Waukesha, owned by Capt. Wood, brought up the question of the safety of the big three-masted schooner which arrived off the point about four o'clock Saturday afternoon. The schooner was apparently in the act of leaving the harbor when the signal for a tug as she came in sight, and the station sent word up to the Carrie Ryerson, which came down, but did not venture out in the face of the big sea which was running. The schooner was apparently in the act of leaving the harbor when the signal for a tug as she came in sight, and the station sent word up to the Carrie Ryerson, which came down, but did not venture out in the face of the big sea which was running. The schooner was apparently in the act of leaving the harbor when the signal for a tug as she came in sight, and the station sent word up to the Carrie Ryerson, which came down, but did not venture out in the face of the big sea which was running.

**Six Lives Lost.**  
But the sequel shows she had not. In the storm, the awful cold and darkness, human lives had been snuffed out. Not a soul on shore had been a white wiser. In the wreckage was found the name plate of the schooner, which was the Waukesha, owned by Capt. Wood, and was bound from Ludington to Chicago, so it was learned, as the thread of the tragedy was slowly picked up afterwards.

The lookout man at the life saving station thought he saw something move in a dark object which bobbed with the swell of the sea, the object lying about half a mile off the harbor. This was at the break of day, and Capt. Wood was notified and speedily found that the dark something was the wreck of a vessel.

**One Survivor.**  
In the hope that something might be on the wreck he went out there with his crew and to his great surprise found a sailor clinging to an improvised raft. The man was able to give to the life savers as they came up and was taken to the station, and when he was pronounced out of danger was sent to bed. Sunday evening he was able to talk, and gave a graphic description of the tragedy.

**Says the Captain Was Drunk.**  
He said that his name was Frank Delach, that they left Ludington Friday, and almost immediately the captain began drinking, and had for his companions a sailor by the name of and the mate. Soon the three were deeply intoxicated, and they continued that way until the end. The mate leaked badly all the way, and the pumps all the time, soon came worn out.

The sea increased and the men begged the captain to beach the boat, but he refused. When they came in sight of Muskegon the master did not know where he was, and anchored 1½ miles off, against the protests of Delach, who wanted him to either enter the harbor or ashore, saying they could not go where they were. The drunken captain, however, refused, and would not allow any signals to be given to help, locking the torches up.

**Loss of the Crew.**  
Shortly after the boat began breaking up and the men sought safety in the rigging. One by one the masts fell, the killing the negro cook. The other crew clung to the wreckage and were washed away one by one. Delach's mate being the last to go, just at daybreak Sunday morning. Two bodies, those of the cook and a Swedish sailor, were recovered and have been in charge of by Coroner Van der Burgh, who will hold an inquest to-day. The boat had on 600 tons of salt. The Waukesha was an old boat, having been built at Manitowish, Wis., in 1862. She registered 316 tons, was 128 feet long and 26 feet beam, and her owner or manager was F. H. Head, of Chicago.

**Survivor of Thirteen Wrecks.**  
This was Delach's first trip on the boat, and he was unable to give the names of any of the crew. He says she was sailed by her owner. This is the thirteenth time Delach has been wrecked. Nothing was found on the bodies by which they could be identified.

## IOWA LAWMAKERS.

Drake Orders a Special Session of the Legislature.

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 9.—Gov. Drake issued a call for an extra session of the legislature. It will begin January 1 and will probably last 50 days. The object is to complete the revision of the state code, which was begun at the regular session last winter. When the code work was not complete and the legislature passed a concurrent resolution asking the governor to call a special session the coming winter to complete the work, in order that that ready done should not be lost. There has been a strong fight against the special session, but the governor carries his pledge to call the session. It is understood a new effort will be made to secure the passage of a law to legalize the manufacture of liquor. The bill was defeated at the regular session, but since election a new effort has been taken.

## BENEFITS BUSINESS.

Close of the Campaign and Its Result Helps Trade.

New York, Nov. 7.—R. G. Dun & Co. in their weekly review of trade say: "A great revolution has been effected this week in the conditions which control the business. It could not be in any fair degree reflected as yet in transactions or in records, but there is ample evidence all ready that a crushing weight has been lifted and rolled away, and the business world has adjusted itself to a state of freedom and security which it has not known for years, and new contracts involving many millions have become binding since the election. The rush for stocks on Wednesday lifted the average for all railways \$1.16 per share in a single day and trust stocks \$1.54, and in many of the most active the advance was so sudden that heavy sales for realizing caused some cents in wheat on Monday and Wednesday also followed by realizing and depressing on Thursday. But the instant vanishing of the premium on gold, which had reached about 2 per cent., the unlocking of many millions which had been hoarded, the collapse of the interest rate from 8 and 12 to 6 and 5½ per cent. and the quick demand for American securities on foreign account are signs of more lasting promise."

"It was not strictly logical that wheat advanced 5 cents, and heavy realizing of profits showed perception of the fact. A growing disposition appears among farmers to hold wheat for better prices, than are now realized, although at present any advance checks buying for export. Speculation in cotton was also excited on the theory that mills would now start up and would meet a large demand for goods. But the advance was met by realizing sales and a slight reaction. It will be all the better for business if bright hopes do not hoist prices too fast."

**GIVE THANKS.**

President Cleveland Issues the Usual Thanksgiving Proclamation.

Washington, Nov. 5.—The following proclamation has been issued by the president: "By the President of the United States: The people of the United States should never be unmindful of the gratitude they owe the God of nations for His watchful care which has shielded them from disaster and pointed out to them the way of peace and happiness. Nor should they ever refuse to acknowledge with contrite hearts their proneness to turn away from God's teachings and to follow with sinful pride after their own devices. To the end that these thoughts may be quickened, it is fitting that on a day especially appointed we should join together in approaching the throne of grace with praise and supplication."

"Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the 26th day of the present month of November to be kept and observed as a day of thanksgiving and prayer throughout our land. On that day let every people forego their usual work and occupation and assemble in their accustomed places of worship, let them with one accord render thanks to the Ruler of the universe for our preservation as a nation and our deliverance from threatened danger; for the peace that has dwelt within our boundaries; for our defense against disease and pestilence during the year that has passed; for the plentiful rewards that have followed the labors of our husbandmen, and for all the other blessings that have been vouchsafed to us. And let us, through the mediation of Him who has taught us how to pray, improve the forgiveness of our sins and the continuation of Heavenly favor. Let us not forget on this day of thanksgiving the poor and needy; and by deeds of charity let our offerings of praise be made more acceptable in the sight of the Lord."

"Witness my hand and the seal of the United States which I have caused to be hereunto affixed."

"Done at the city of Washington this fourth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and twenty-first."

**GROVER CLEVELAND.**  
"By the President:  
Richard Olney, Secretary of State."

## A SUDDEN CALL.

Mrs. William H. Vanderbilt Expires of Heart Disease.

New York, Nov. 7.—Mrs. W. H. Vanderbilt, the mother of Cornelius and William K. Vanderbilt, died at Scarborough, N. Y., Friday afternoon. Her death was due to heart disease. For some time past Mrs. Vanderbilt had been troubled with the malady, which finally resulted in her death, and Friday morning she was out riding with her sister when she felt severe pains in the region of her heart and asked to be taken home. Her request was immediately complied with, but the pains and suffering increased, and at 1:30 o'clock she expired. Her daughter, Mrs. Elliott F. Shepard, and her sister, Mrs. Bromley, were present at the deathbed. Mrs. Vanderbilt was 75 years of age.

[Mrs. Vanderbilt was a daughter of Rev. Samuel Kissam, a minister of the Dutch Reformed church, and was born at Covey's, near Albany, N. Y. During her childhood she was carefully educated by her parents and received a strict religious training. Her father died in Brooklyn in 1859. She was married to William H. Vanderbilt in 1861. Her husband was at that time a clerk in the office of Dean Robinson & Co., bankers in Wall street. Mrs. Vanderbilt leaves surviving her eight children: Cornelius and William K. Vanderbilt, the family; Frederick W. George W. Mrs. Elliott F. Shepard; Mrs. William D. Sloane; Mrs. H. McKay Twombly and Mrs. Seward Webb.]

## HON. CHARLES EWING DEAD.

Prominent Gold Democrat of Illinois Passes Away at Decatur.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—Word was received here Friday morning of the sudden death at Decatur, Ill., of Hon. Charles A. Ewing, late secretary of the state central committee of the gold democratic party, and a leading figure in the councils of that organization. Mr. Ewing died at six o'clock, but the cause of death was not given in the dispatch received here by his cousin, Judge Ewing.

## STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.

FRANK J. CHESEBROUGH makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHESEBROUGH & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1895.  
A. W. GLEASON,  
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.  
F. J. CHESEBROUGH & Co., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

**The Faults and Follies of the Age**  
Are numerous, but of the latter none is more ridiculous than the promiscuous and random use of laxative pills and other drastic cathartics. These wrench and convulse and weaken both the stomach and the bowels. If Hostetter's Stomach Bitters be used instead of these no-remedies, the result is accomplished without pain and with great benefit to the bowels, the stomach and the liver. Use this remedy when constipation is manifested, and thereby prevent it from becoming chronic.

"We had a very interesting event—or rather a pair of 'em—at our house this morning." "Caesar!" "Not twins!" "No; our boy put on his first trousers."—Roseleaf.

## Get a Farm While Prices are Low.

If you want a farm of your own now is the time to get one in Northern Wisconsin, along the line of the Lake Superior division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, where a sure crop can be raised each year, which can always be sold at good prices in the lumbering towns along the line of this railway. Low prices; long time. Address C. E. Rollins, 161 La Salle Street, Chicago.

PEOPLE who eat the most, usually think the least.—Athenian Globe.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe.

## THE MARKETS.

New York, Nov. 9.	
LIVE STOCK—Steers.....	\$3 60 @ 4 70
Sheep.....	2 00 @ 3 50
Hogs.....	3 80 @ 4 25
FLOUR—Minnesota Patents.....	4 40 @ 4 70
Minnesota Bakers.....	3 40 @ 4 00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	89 1/2 @ 89 3/4
NO. 1 Hard.....	89 1/2 @ 90
CORN—No. 2.....	20 1/2 @ 20 3/4
December.....	31 1/2 @ 31 3/4
OATS—Western.....	22 @ 31
LARD.....	4 50 @ 4 55
PORK—Mess.....	8 50 @ 9 00
BUTTER—Creamery.....	12 1/2 @ 20
Dairy.....	8 @ 12 1/2
EGGS.....	19 @ 21

CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Beef.....	\$3 40 @ 5 10
Stockers and Feeders.....	2 60 @ 3 70
Cows and Bulls.....	1 35 @ 3 75
Texas Steers.....	2 75 @ 4 15
HOGS—Light.....	3 25 @ 3 65
Rough Packing.....	3 00 @ 3 15
SHEEP.....	2 00 @ 3 50
BUTTER—Creamery.....	9 @ 18
Dairy.....	9 @ 16
EGGS—Fresh.....	16 @ 17 1/2
POTATOES (per bu.).....	16 @ 23
PORK—Mess.....	6 95 @ 7 00
LARD—Steam.....	4 05 @ 4 10
FLOUR—Winter.....	1 75 @ 4 00
Spring.....	1 25 @ 4 50
GRAIN—Wheat, November.....	75 1/2 @ 78
Corn, No. 2 Cash.....	24 1/2 @ 24 1/2
Oats, No. 2 Cash.....	18 @ 18 1/2
Rye, No. 2.....	36 @ 36 1/2
Barley, Choice to Fancy.....	31 @ 37 1/2

MILWAUKEE.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Spring.....	77 @ 77 1/2
Corn, No. 3.....	24 1/2 @ 24 1/2
Oats, No. 2 White.....	19 @ 20
Rye, No. 1.....	34 @ 34 1/2
Barley, No. 2.....	35 @ 35 1/2
PORK—Mess.....	6 50 @ 6 55
LARD.....	4 00 @ 4 05

ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	\$3 40 @ 5 10
Texas.....	2 10 @ 3 45
HOGS.....	3 10 @ 3 50
SHEEP.....	2 35 @ 4 10

OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Steers.....	\$3 25 @ 4 00
Cows.....	1 25 @ 3 25
Feeders.....	2 75 @ 3 60
HOGS.....	3 10 @ 3 40
SHEEP.....	2 40 @ 3 10

## "Down Brakes, and Reverse!"

When a train is discovered rushing on to a frightful collision, it is a thrilling instant as the engineer whistles "Down brakes!"

"Down brakes!" and reverses his lever. Brakes alone are not enough; the whole propelling power of the engine must be reversed and made to work in the opposite direction. That is how it is sometimes with disease. There are times when the system is flying along the track of disease at such a frightful pace that no ordinary methods will prevent disaster. There are plenty of medicines which act merely as brakes to "slow up" the disease and put off disaster for a little while; but that isn't enough. What is needed is a medicine that will instantly reverse the entire wasting, degenerating process.

When people are losing flesh and strength and vitality, with the life oozing out of them day after day, they need Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which acts directly upon the vital forces, completely transforms the entire nutritive organism and totally reverses the wasting, debilitating process which is at the root of all diseases. It enables the digestive and blood-making organs to supply the circulation with an abundance of pure, healthy, red blood. It stops the wasting of tissue, builds up solid muscular flesh and healthy nerve-force.

Miss Mary Whitman, of East Dickinson, Franklin Co., N. Y., writes: "For nearly ten months I have had a bad cough, and instead of getting better, it grew worse, until I was advised by a friend to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I hesitated at first, for it seemed to me nothing would give relief only death. My parents were anxious about me, and I was said to have consumption. I tried your medicines, and before I had taken many doses there was a great change. When the second bottle was empty I had no cough and was a great deal stronger."

## TEXAS.

In the Agricultural line, Texas leads all other states in the variety of its products. Cotton, corn and the cereals grow and are raised in every section of the state and in the central and southern portions sugar cane and sorghum are profitably cultivated. On the Gulf Coast two and three crops of vegetables are raised each year. Berries are shipped six weeks in advance of the home crop in the north. Pears, peaches, plums, oranges, figs, olives and nuts all grow abundantly and can be marketed from two to three weeks in advance of the California crops. Large quantities of rice are now grown.

If the land seeker, the home seeker and the settler desires to secure a farm larger than the one he occupies, on vastly more reasonable terms; if he wants more land to cultivate, a greater variety of crops to harvest, with proportionately increased remuneration, at a less outlay for cost of production; if he wants an earlier season with correspondingly higher prices; if he wants milder winters, all the year pastured for his stock, improved health, increased bodily comforts and wealth and prosperity, he should go to Texas.

Send for pamphlet descriptive of the resources of this great state (mailed free). Low rate Homeseekers excursions via the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway on Nov. 3rd and 17th Dec. 1st and 15th, 1895. H. A. CHAMBER, Northern Passenger Agent, 316 Marquette Building, Chicago.

"USCLE SIMON, what is the luxury of wool?" "Luxury of wool? Why, it is the diamonds a widow buys when her husband has been dead two months."—Chicago Record.

I BELIEVE Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my boy's life last summer.—Mrs. ALLIE DOUGLASS, LeRoy, Mich., Oct. 20, '94.

How time flies from the date on which a man distinguishes himself!

Just try a 10¢ box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

## Be Sure

'Tis pure Cocoa, and not made by the so-called "Dutch Process."

Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa is absolutely pure—no chemicals.

WALTER BAKER & CO., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

You're clipping coupons when you use Pearline (use no soap). Every saving, big or little, is a coupon clipped and paid. Where's a more satisfactory way of saving than by washing and cleaning with Pearline? Saves on both sides. Exertion, hard work and drudgery for you yourself—while it's saving actual money to your pocket, in clothes, time and health. It's by just such savings that genuine coupons come to every wise and thrifty woman.

Millions of Pearline

## CANDY CATHARTIC

# Cascarets

## CURE CONSTIPATION

10¢ 25¢ 50¢

REGULATE THE LIVER

ALL DRUGGISTS

ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York.

Fully 200 of the Most Famous Men and Women of both continents have contributed to the next year's Volume of

## The Youth's Companion

Celebrating in 1897 its seventy-first birthday. This Companion offers its readers many exceptionally brilliant features. The two hemispheres have been explored in search of attractive matter.

### Distinguished Writers.

IAN MACLAREN.  
STEWART KIPPLING.  
HALL CAINE.  
FRANK R. STOCKTON.  
HAROLD FREDERIC.  
MADAME LILLIAN NORDIC.

CHARLES DUDLEY WARNER.  
STEPHEN CRANE.  
HAMLIN GARLAND.  
MAX O'RELL.  
W. CLARK RUSSELL.  
ALICE LANGFELLOW.

HON. THOMAS B. REED.  
ANDREW CARNEGIE.  
LIEUT. R. E. FEARY, U. S. N.  
DR. CYRUS EDSON.  
DR. ED. EVERETT HALE.  
DR. LYMAN ABNEY.

And more than One Hundred other Eminent Writers.

## For the Whole Family.

THE COMPANION also announces for 1897, Four Absorbing Serials, Adventure Stories on Land and Sea, Stories for Boys, Stories for Girls, Reporters' Stories, Doctors' Stories, Lawyers' Stories, Stories for Everybody—all profusely illustrated by popular artists. Six Double Holiday Numbers. More than two thousand Articles of Miscellany—Anecdote, Humor, Travel, Timely Editorials, Current Events, Current Topics and Nature and Science Departments every week, etc.

52 Weeks for \$1.75. Send for Full Prospectus.

### 12-Color Calendar FREE.

New Subscribers who will cut out this slip and send it at once with name and address and \$1.75 (the subscription price) will receive FREE—The Youth's Companion (the week from time subscription is received) to January 1, 1897.  
FREE—Thanksgiving, Christmas and New Year's Double Numbers.  
FREE—Our Artistic 4-Page Folding Calendar for 1897, Lithographed in Twelve Beautiful Colors.  
And The Youth's Companion 52 Weeks, a full year, to January 1, 1898.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, Boston, Mass.

## PISO'S CURE FOR

# CONSUMPTION

QUESTIONS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.  
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

## YUGATAN, KING OF GUMS.

A. N. K.-A. 1630

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the advertisement in this paper.



### Shocking Accident.

We copy the following from the Jackson Citizen:

"Friday evening about 7:30, on the arrival of the Grand Rapids express train from the east at the M. C. R. R. depot in this city, a railroad man was startled on observing beneath the last coach of the train the form of a man, mangled and bleeding. He was alive and was removed from beneath the car and taken to the baggage room. Dr. J. H. DeMay was summoned, who found the man's injuries to be of an awful character. The right leg was mashed to a pulp, the right hand was crushed, the left foot severed, and part of the scalp torn off. Dr. Babcock arrived soon after. The injured man being beyond human aid, the doctor administered hypodermic stimulants. The man, notwithstanding his horrible injuries, conversed with those about him. He said his name was Walter Richards, and that he boarded the train at Francisco. His father's name was A. C. Richards. He also stated he had relatives in this city.

"Richards was taken to the hospital and died at 1:10 a. m.

"Saturday morning the remains were removed to the morgue of Webb & Crandall and prepared for burial.

"Coroner Slenou directed Deputy Sheriff Wheat to empanel a jury of inquest, the following being chosen: E. L. Webb, Deans Tobin, Fred Rerick, Fred Rumsey, G. W. Scottford and John Lemon. The jury viewed the remains and adjourned to 4 p. m. Monday at Webb & Crandall's office.

"Friday night a telegraphic message was sent to A. C. Richards, father of the dead man, who arrived here next morning. He stated he was a farmer and resided between Francisco and Waterloo, and that his son had been working for Luke Reilly during the past summer.

"Just how the accident occurred is not known, though several theories are advanced.

"Deceased was about 17 years of age.

"M. C. R. R. officials have learned from the company's agent at Francisco that no ticket had been sold at that station for Jackson that evening.

"The body of the unfortunate young man was taken home by his father Saturday afternoon."

### Eggs in Winter.

In order to have a good supply of eggs during the winter it is essential to have either early hatched pullets that have been kept growing and are reasonably well matured or 2-year-old hens that moulted early, and in a good thrifty condition, when winter begins.

Then, warm, dry quarters must be provided. No matter how well fed the fowls may be, they will not lay well unless they are kept comfortable. The quarters should be roomy, so that when closely confined, as will be necessary on cold, stormy days, they will have plenty of room to exercise.

The roosts should be on a level, not over three feet from the ground, and arranged so that they can be taken down to clean when necessary. When it can be done the nests should be in a separate place, rather darker than the rest of the house, so that the laying hens will not be disturbed by the others. There should be room to feed them away from under the roosts. Brood boards should be provided on which the soft food can be placed. Have the quarters dry.

The hens should be regularly and well fed if they are kept in a good laying condition. Gather up the scraps from the table, the parings and leavings of the vegetables from the kitchen, put them into a pot that should be kept in the stove. Usually it will cook sufficiently through the day and can be warmed up while breakfast is being cooked.

If the quantity is not sufficient add wheat, bran and milk to make up a good feed. Give it warm—not hot—for breakfast, and try to have it ready as soon as they fly down from the roosts. At noon give whole wheat, oats, sorghum seed or something of this kind, changing often enough to make a good variety.

At night give a good feed of whole corn just before they go to roost. Water regularly and keep the drinking vessels clean.

With eggs to sell in winter the hens will be found profitable.—Ex.

### Notice.

Cider at 90 cents per barrel, and apple jelly at 50 cents per gallon, for sale and delivered by

DENNIS LEACH,

Waterloo, Mich.

### Excursions.

Annual Convention of State Sunday School Association at Kalamazoo, Nov. 17-19. One fare for round trip. Half adult fare for children. Tickets limited to return Nov. 20.

### The White House.

There are a number of stories in circulation going to show why the executive mansion was called the White House, and by whom it was first called such, said a local historian, "but I think the best evidence tends to give that credit to James Madison, who was the fourth President, and who was driven out of the executive mansion when the British burned it in 1814. The executive mansion is built of freestone, which was quarried down on the Potomac river. The capitol proper was constructed out of the same stone, though of course the wings for the Senate and House of Representatives are built of marble, with granite foundations.

"At the time the British burned the executive mansion they did a lot of other damage, and the country was pressed for money to repair the same. The walls of the mansion were but little damaged, other than being blackened by smoke. As I said, money was scarce, and Congress made an appropriation to have the outside of the house painted. White was selected as the best color. The capitol was not painted for nearly twenty years afterwards. Madison, in a letter to a personal and political friend, wrote: 'Come in and see me at any time. You will always find me at the White House.'

"The executive mansion may have been called the White House before that, but I have never been able to find any record of it. The letter from Madison had an important political bearing, and was very extensively circulated. If, therefore, Madison did not officiate at the christening, he certainly took a prominent part in publishing the fact that the White House was forever from that time to be the name of the mansion. Up to that time the executive mansion, which is the legal name for it, was generally spoken of as the President's house."—Washington Star.

### Southwest Breezes.

Calamity is a man's true touchstone.

It is a waste of time to watch a hypocrite.

The white daisy is emblematic of innocence.

One pecked husband has very little to crow over.

The "bump of destructiveness"—A railway collision.

There is a charming elasticity about a girl of eighteen springs.

No man should so act as to take advantage of another's folly.

The only justification for debt is the immediate prospect of profit.

It becomes man, while exempt from woes, to look to the dangers.

It is often a good thing that men do not practice what they preach.

When one is low enough to insult you, be too high for him to reach.

Oh, friend, as long as I study and practice humility, I know where I am.

Every one knows that these hard, close-fisted times will not last forever.

Blessed be he who hath a clean shirt on, for he may wear his vest unbuttoned.

There are several ways to pay bills, but the majority are paid with reluctance.

Moderation is the silken string running through the pearl chain of all virtues.

A woman rarely deigns to open her husband's letters unless they are marked private.—The Southwest.

### Accommodating.

"I stopped at a small town in Kansas a few weeks ago," said L. M. Martinez at the Raleigh. "I had been in the town once before and knew where the hotel was. It was late at night when I got off the train and went to the hotel. After repeatedly knocking and shaking the door the landlord let me in. The next morning breakfast was not ready when I got up, but the landlord was in good humor about it, saying: 'Everybody is sick about the house. You are the only guest, so I didn't get breakfast ready.' He went out and in an hour served a very good meal for me. I found that my customer was out of town, so had nothing to do but stay around the hotel all day. The landlord got dinner and supper for me, and I asked, 'Who is sick?'

"My wife, two children, the cook, the waiter and the porter."

"I should think you would get some one else."

"Can't. They won't come."

"Why?"

"They are all afraid of the small-pox. I'm the only one who hasn't got it, and I feel the symptoms. I'll be in bed tomorrow, but I think the porter will be well enough to run the hotel by that time. He is sitting up to-day."

"I paid my bill very suddenly, and put myself under medical treatment when I reached the next town."—San Francisco Chronicle.

### Here and There.

Miss Minnie Bachelor, of Stockbridge, and Mr. Ralph Gorton, of Waterloo, were married Nov. 1, 1896.

The next regular meeting of the W. R. C. will be Nov. 13 at 2:30 p. m. A good attendance is desired, as the annual inspection will take place at that time.

The thirty-sixth annual convention of the Michigan State Sunday School Association will be held in the First Congregational church, Kalamazoo, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, Nov. 17, 18 and 19, 1896.

The Michigan Central has arranged a weather forecast system at all of its stations in Michigan. A weather bulletin has been put up outside of the telegraph office near the door. Weather forecast cards will be displayed at noon each day. These predictions are for the twenty-four hours following.

The returns show that the democrats elect Schuh for county clerk by 32, and Kirk for prosecuting attorney by 694, while the republicans have Judson, sheriff, 76; Newkirk, judge of probate, 387; Cook, register of deeds, 579, and Rehfs, treasurer, 586. The republicans elect the coroners and circuit court commissioners.

Astronomers tell us that the earth is about to enter one of the great groups of meteors, and that a great number of falling stars may be expected in November of this and the next five or six years, as it requires that length of time for the earth to pass through the group. The phenomenon recurs once in about thirty-three years.

With the election of Mr. McKinley people were promised a revival of business. He was heralded as the "advance agent of prosperity," and now all eyes will be turned toward him. News from all over the country indicate his election has had a pleasing effect on business enterprises, and that already mills are reopening; gold is coming out of its hiding in old stockings and from bank vaults.

An inventive genius has gotten up a contrivance that ought to sell like hot cakes in church circles. It is in the shape of a contribution box, and it is a triumph in its way. The coins fall through slots of different sizes, and dollars, halves, quarters and dimes drop on velvet, but the nickels and pennies drop on a Chinese gong and make a noise that can be heard all over the church.—Exchange.

### Orchard and Garden.

Successful gardening depends upon a good manure pile.

Cutting out is the only remedy for peach borers.

No fruit pays for judicious pruning or thinning better than the pear.

When the ground is frozen an inch or two deep is the best time to mulch strawberries.

In the early fall, after the leaves drop, is a good time to prune the grape vines.

Trees or plants that need protection during the winter should have it applied now.

One advantage in manuring the orchard in the fall is that it acts as a mulch.

One advantage in mulching is that it in a measure prevents a too heavy growth in the spring.

One reason why plants do better in the kitchen than any other room is because of humidity in the air.

Wood ashes is one of the best remedies for pear trees that bear cracked fruit. Stir the soil well and then spread the ashes well over the surface.

In setting out peach trees, cut the side branches to short spurs and shorten the head severely, so as to secure a good growth of young wood and good root development.

After apples have been kept a few weeks they should be sorted over, as some good ones will show defects later on.

When intending to plant an orchard one of the best plans of management is to get the trees this fall and heel them in ready for planting in the spring.

Pruning a tree when dormant tends to impart vigor, but if done when the tree is growing or in leaf it tends to check growth.

Whether trees are set out in the fall or in the spring, care should be taken to spread the roots out evenly and to see that the soil and roots come in close contact.

The peach and plum are nearly enough related to be budded or grafted on each other. The plum endures cold better than the peach, and the latter fruit grown on plum stocks can be more easily protected than when grown on its own.

In transplanting trees all the roots which in any way may become bruised or broken should be cut clean away behind the broken parts, as they more readily strike out new roots from the cut parts.

### Items Gleaned from the Lumber District.

People who used to buy tile and lumber of the old-time 500 per center, and mortgage their farm to pay the bill, will be glad to learn that The Glazier Stove Co. have made a big hole in the old-time prices, by not charging for the holes in the tile.

The best Marblehead Kelley Island lime, 50 cents per barrel, of the Glazier Stove Co.

The Glazier Stove Co. are selling good roof boards at \$7.50 per thousand.

Shingles, all grades at prices which make the old-time 500 per center kick and long for a return of the good old days, when 500 per cent (payable in wheat, wool or mortgage) was pocketed with ease.

Water lime, the very best, in bushel bags, 20 cents, of the Glazier Stove Co. What have you been paying for it?

You would never have been compelled to place that mortgage upon your farm if you had always been able to buy lumber, tile, coal and builders' supplies at the rate of profit at which The Glazier Stove Co. are now selling this line of goods.

Good bevel siding, \$8.00 per thousand, of the Glazier Stove Co. 500 per center's old-time price \$40.00 for the same stock.

Tile at right prices of the The Glazier Stove Co. No charge for the holes.

The Glazier Stove Co. are selling first-class white pine boards at \$10.00 per thousand. You paid 500 per center \$40.00 for the same thing many a time before we punctured his balloon with our underbuy, undersell prices.

Hogs are always more restless than usual on the approach of bad weather, and when these animals run to and fro with mouthfuls of straw, leaves or branches, the indication is for very foul weather. In their native state pigs probably made their own beds, and when bad weather was coming perhaps gathered a larger supply of straw or leaves than usual to serve as a protection against the rain.

### Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Stimson.

### Markets.

Chelsea, Nov. 12, 1896.	
Eggs, per dozen	16c
Butter, per pound	11c
Oats, per bushel	15c
Corn, per bushel	12c
Wheat, per bushel	88c
Potatoes, per bushel	25c
Apples, per bushel	10c
Onions, per bushel	25c
Beans, per bushel	60c

### WANTED,

At the Ann Arbor Central Mills, Damp, Musty and Off-grade Wheat. Also Buckwheat and Rye, 20

Allmendinger and Schneider.

### REVIVO

RESTORES VITALITY.



Made a Well Man of Me.

### FRENCH REMEDY,

Produces the above results in 30 DAYS. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores from effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretions. Lost Manhood, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power of either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, Insomnia, Nervousness, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a

Great Nerve Tonic and Blood-Builder and restores both vitality and strength to the muscular and nervous system, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Accept no substitute. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, \$1.00 per package, in plain wrapper, or six for \$5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money in any package. For free circular address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale at Chelsea, Mich., by

ARMSTRONG & CO.

### MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect Sept. 1st, 1896.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.  
Detroit Night Express..... 6:10 A. M.  
Atlantic Express..... 7:00 A. M.  
Grand Rapids Express..... 7:50 A. M.  
Mail and Express..... 8:15 P. M.

GOING WEST.  
Mail and Express..... 9:25 A. M.  
Grand Rapids Express..... 6:30 P. M.  
Chicago Night Express..... 9:50 P. M.

No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

W. M. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.  
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

### The Parlor Barber Shop, Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

### FIRE ! FIRE !!

If you want insurance call on Gilbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

### Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Friday, the 23rd day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John Charles Kaercher, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Charles G. Kaercher, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate and that admission of said estate may be granted to himself the executor in said will named or to some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, That Monday, the 23rd day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.] W. M. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

### Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. ss. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Catharine Steinbech, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that it is the order of said Court, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of D. B. Taylor, in the Village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 25th day of December and on the 25th day of March next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated Sept. 25, 1896.

ORRIN C. BURKHART, Commissioner.

JACOB HINDERER, Commissioner.

### Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the 15th day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Daniel B. Bird, minor.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of William F. Bird, guardian, praying that he may be licensed to mortgage certain real estate belonging to said minor.

Thereupon it is ordered, That Tuesday, the 17th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the next of kin of said minor, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.] W. M. G. DOTY, Probate Register.